

UNITED LINCOLNSHIRE HOSPITALS TRUST

INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

PERIOD TO 30 APRIL 2018

To:		FSID									
From:		-	irector (of	Finance, Procurement & Corporate						
		Affairs									
Date:		21 st May 2018	<u> </u>								
Healthca	re	All healthcare st	andard domains								
standard											
Titles	Intog	atad Darfarmana	o Popo	rt f	for April 2019						
Title:	Title: Integrated Performance Report for April 2018										
Author/R	esnon	sible Director:	Karen	Br	own, Director of Finance						
Purpose			Raion								
			mance	of	the Trust for the period ended 30 th Ap	oril					
		•			s, action or initiate change and set o						
					nce improvement.						
		ovided to the E									
-	•										
Dec	ision		\checkmark		Discussion 🗸						
				1	[]						
Ass	urance		\checkmark		Information						
Summer	/kov r	ainta									
Summary			iabliabt	~4	performance with sections on key						
		hallenges facing t			performance with sections of key						
Successes		nalienges racing i		5ι.							
Recomm	ondati	ons: The Board	is aska	d t	o note the current performance and						
					s asked to approve action to be taken						
		ce is below the ex									
intere pen	onnan		pooroa		.901						
This is an e	evolving	g report and the E	Board ai	re	invited to make suggestions as we						
continue to	o develo	op it									
Strategic	risk re	egister		F	Performance KPIs year to date						
New risks	that affe	ect performance o	or	ŀ	As detailed in the report.						
		creates new risks	to be								
		Risk Register.									
		cations (eg Fin									
			eport is	а	central element of the Performance						
Manageme											
Patient a	nd Pul	olic Involvemer	nt (PPI)) i	mplications None						
Equality i	impac	t									
Informat:			-								
Information exempt from disclosure Requirement for further review?											

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Section	Page
Executive Summary	4
Trust Performance Overview	6
Clinical Directorate Overview	10
Trust Performance Report by Exception	11
Quality	11
- Reduction of Harm Associated with Mortality	11
- Safety Thermometer (Harm Free Care)	11
- Falls	12
- Pressure Damage	12
- Medication Incidents	13
- Infection Prevention	13
- CAUTI	14
- Sepsis	14
Workforce	15
- Vacancy Rates	15
- Voluntary Turnover	15
- Core Learning	16
- Sickness Absence	16
- Appraisal Rates	17
- Agency Spend	17
Finance	18
- Financial Position	18
- Efficiency	18
- Agency	19
- Capital	19
Operational Performance	20
- Referral to Treatment (18 weeks)	20
- Diagnostic Waits (6 weeks)	20
- 4 Hour Standard	21
- EMAS Conveyances	21
- Cancer Waiting Times 62 Day	22
Deep dive – Cancer 62 Day	23
Appendix 1: Glossary	26



Executive Summary for period of 30th April 2018

- ☑ 4 hour waiting time target performance of 70.23% in April 2018
- ☑ 4 of the 9 national cancer targets were achieved in March 2018

I8wk RTT Incomplete performance in March 2018 was 84.68%, the current unvalidated position for April 2018 as at the 17th May is 82.9%. The final April performance will be submitted on 25th May and is forecast at 84.5-85%

Solution Standard – April 2018 performance was 96.74%

Hotspots

- Quality issues continue with falls and pressure ulcers root cause analyses are taking place to identify causes and trends. Reviews and RCAs have been completed for the 68 C Difficile cases in 17/18 and a number are going through the 'no lapse in care' process.
- **Finance** The in-month and year to date position in April was a deficit of £8.8m (before technical adjustments), which is £1.4m adverse to the planned in-month deficit of £7.4m
- Performance March saw a deterioration in the Trust's RTT performance following winter pressure cancellations. Highest 18 week incompletes are in ENT, General Surgery and T&O. Final performance expected for April is 84.5-85% but data will not be submitted until 25th May. As at 4th May, there were 2335 patients on the open referrals list waiting over 12 weeks for their first appointment. Whilst this represents a significant deterioration from January, it is ahead of January 2017 when 2820 patients were waiting.

Challenges:

The Theatres and Outpatient Improvement Programmes are expected to deliver continued improvement in 18/19 and are expected to reduce the incomplete backlog at Trust level by c 1000 FYE.

The Trust's Neurology service re-opened to routine referrals on 16th April and includes the provision of an Advice and Guidance service which will hopefully help to manage demand.

In April, the Trust's diagnostic performance improved by 3.1% to 96.74% of patients receiving their diagnostic test withing 6 weeks of referral.

A&E performance remains low at 70.23%, however this exceeds the improvement trajectory target of 69.69% and the further expansion of GP streaming to include xray diagnostics in May may help to improve this achievement. The closure of the walk-in centre lead to continued increases in attendances at the Lincoln site.

The Trust's performance for March against the 62 day classic standard was 75.5%. This is the first time since 2014 that the Trust has delivered performance for four consecutive months in excess of 75%.

Looking forward:

Paper referrals have now been switched off in 7 specialties, heralding the move to fully Electronic Referrals by July 2018. A further tranche of specialities will follow during May. Advice and Guidance is also now being offered in 5 specialties which will hopefully support a reduction in inappropriate referrals, with further specialties to go live in Q1.

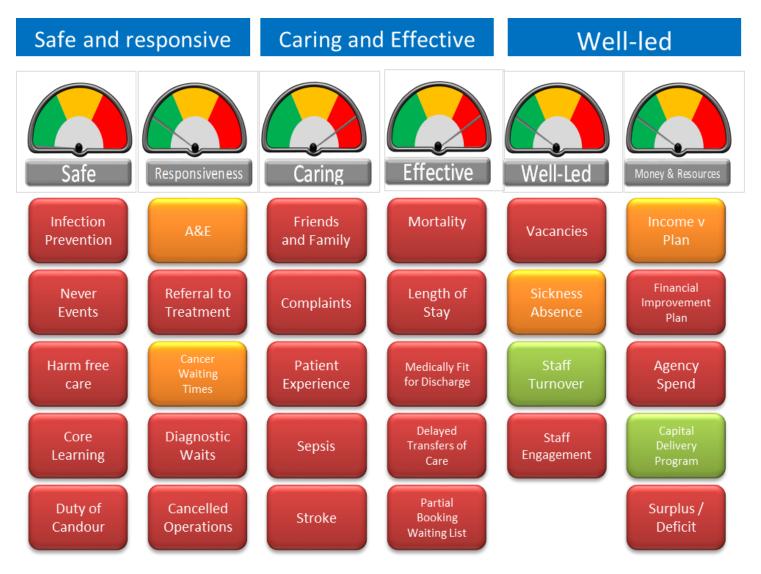
For Diagnostic performance, the Echo service are providing additional capacity during May in order to reduce the backlog position and the Endoscopy service continue to use Medinet capacity to manage demand whilst recruitment processes are completed.

To improve A&E performance in the longer term a plan is being presented to the trust which outlines the key improvements and investments in operational capacity and delivery required for the year ahead. This plan includes the 5 work streams previously described: Ambulance Handovers and Conveyances; Streaming to services co-locating or outside of the Emergency Department; Pilgrim and Lincoln Emergency Department Staffing and Emergency Department Processes; Admissions areas and flow management and Large Scale Trust Bed Re-configuration.

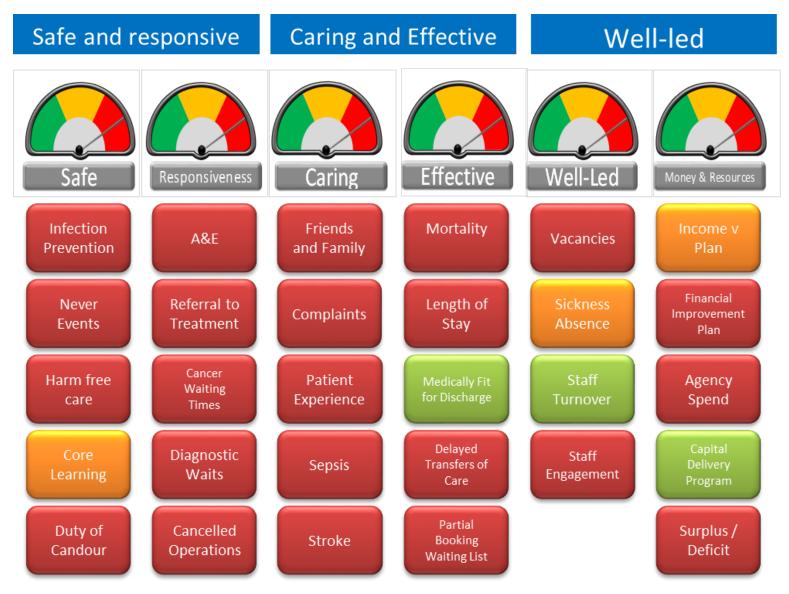
Cancer performance is at risk going forward due to increases in breast referrals, as at 4th May, the Breast Service was polling at 23 days for triple assessment appointments, however there was the risk that this would increase further during May if additional capacity can't be provided. The service has baseline capacity for c.110 triple assessments per week, however during the 15 weeks from 8th January the Trust received an average of 135 referrals per week. A request has gone out to the CCGs in the South of the county to use alternative providers.

Karen Brown Director of Finance, Procurement & Corporate Affairs May 2018

TRUST PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW – APRIL 2018



TRUST PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW – YEAR TO DATE



TRUST PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW – NATIONAL INDICATORS

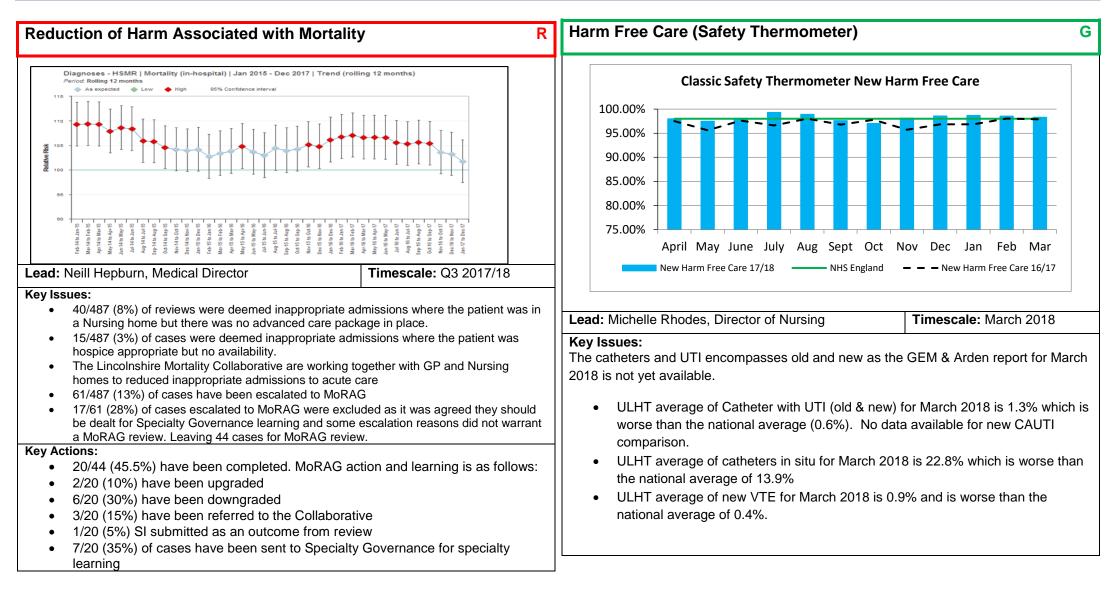
Indicator	Measure	Standard	Current Data Month	Month Actual	YTD	Trend	Directi Trav		Source
Infection Control	Clostrum Difficile (post 3 days)	5	April-2018	9	78	$\sim \sim \sim$	-	Α	Datix
	MRSA bacteraemia (post 3 days)	0	April-2018	0	2			G	Datix
Never Events	Number of Never Events	0	March-2018	0	3	$ _ \land \land$	-	G	Datix
No New Harms	New Harm Free Care %	98%	March-2018	98.30%	98.21%	$\sim\sim\sim$	↓	Α	Quality
	Pressure Ulcers (PUNT) 3/4	0	March-2018	9	83	$\sim \sim$		R	Quality
Friends and Family Test	Inpatient (Response Rate)	26%	April-2018	22.00%	22.38%	\sim	-	Α	Envoy Messenger
	Inpatient (Recommend)	96%	April-2018	91.00%	90.38%	$\langle \rangle$		Α	Envoy Messenger
	Emergency Care (Response Rate)	14%	April-2018	22.00%	20.62%	\sim	↓	Α	Envoy Messenger
	Emergency Care (Recommend)	87%	April-2018	82.00%	81.08%	$\sim \sim \sim$		Α	Envoy Messenger
	Maternity (Reponse Rate)	23%	April-2018	25.00%	9.23%	$\sim\sim\sim$	1	G	Envoy Messenger
	Maternity (Recommend)	97%	April-2018	98.00%	95.15%	$\sim \sim \sim$		G	Envoy Messenger
	Outpatients (Reponse Rate)	14%	April-2018	5.00%	11.54%		•	R	Envoy Messenger
	Outpatients (Recommend)	94%	April-2018	93.00%	92.46%	$\sim \sim \sim \sim$	1	G	Envoy Messenger
Inpatient Experience	Mixed Sex Accommodation	0	March-2018	0	11		$\mathbf{+}$	G	Datix
Stroke	Patients with 90% of stay in Stroke Unit	80%	March-2018	88.00%	81.86%	$\sim \sim \sim$		G	SSNAP
	Sallowing assessment < 4hrs	80%	March-2018	74.00%	72.03%	~~~		Α	SSNAP
	Scanned < 1 hrs	50%	March-2018	78.60%	59.82%	$\sim\sim$		G	SSNAP
	Scanned < 12 hrs	100%	March-2018	97.40%	96.65%	$\sim\sim\sim$		Α	SSNAP
	Admitted to Stroke < 4 hrs	90%	March-2018	57.70%	61.89%	$\sim \sim \sim$	•	R	SSNAP
	Patient death in Stroke	17%	March-2018	9.30%	12.81%	$\sim\sim\sim$		Α	SSNAP
A&E	4hrs or less in A&E Dept	70%	April-2018	70.23%	74.70%	$\sim \sim$		G	Medway
	12+ Trolley waits	0	April-2018	0	3	$- \wedge \wedge$		G	Medway
RTT	52 Week Waiters	0	April-2018		85	\sim		R	Medway
	18 week incompletes	86.8%	April-2018	81.70%	87.27%	(Ū V	R	Medway
Cancer	62 day classic	80%	March-2018	75.50%	71.46%	$\sim\sim\sim$		G	Somerset
	2 week wait suspect	93%	March-2018	77.90%	88.19%	\sim	V	R	Somerset
	2 week wait breast symptomatic	93%	March-2018	24.10%	77.67%	\langle	•	R	Somerset
	31 day first treatment	96%	March-2018	97.10%	96.43%	~~~		G	Somerset
	31 day subsequent drug treatments	98%	March-2018	100.00%	99.14%	$\sim \sim$	-	G	Somerset
	31 day subsequent surgery treatments	94%	March-2018	87.00%	92.48%	~~~~	•	R	Somerset
	31 day subsequent radiotherapy treatments	94%	March-2018	97.80%	96.88%	~~~~~	↓	Α	Somerset
	62 day screening	90%	March-2018	94.70%	87.70%	$\sim \sim \sim$		G	Somerset
	62 day consultant upgrade	85%	March-2018	80.90%	86.15%	~~~	V	R	Somerset
Diagnostic Waits	diagnostics achieved	99%	April-2018	96.73%	97.64%	\sim		Α	Medway
Cancelled Operations	Cancelled Operations on the day (non clinical)	0.80%	April-2018	2.88%	4.25%	~	<u> </u>	Α	Medway
	Not treated within 28 days. (Breach)	0%	April-2018	14.04%	7.83%	~~~	1	R	Medway
Mortality	SHMI	100.00	Q3 2017/18	112.22	112.00		-	Α	Dr Foster
	Hospital-level Mortality Indicator	100.00	Q3 2017/19	102.65	102.94	$\sim \sim \sim$		A	Dr Foster
Surplus / Deficit	Surplus / Deficit	-7,403	April-2018	-8.762	-109,395			A	FPIC Finance Report

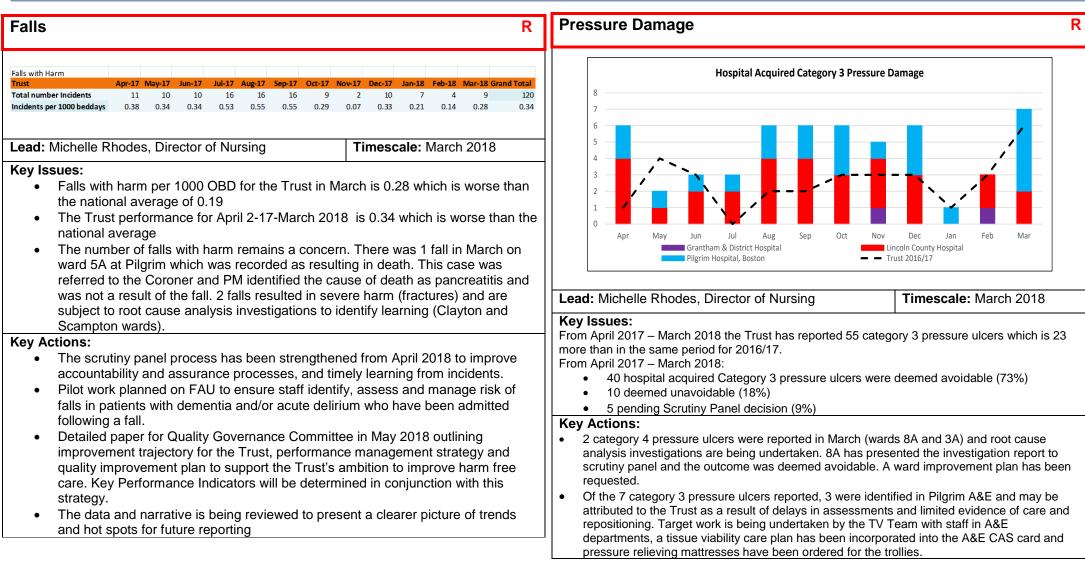
TRUST PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW – LOCAL INDICATORS

Indicator	Measure	Standard	Current Data Month	Month Actual	YTD	Trend			Source
Infection Control	MSSA	2	March-2018	2	17	$\wedge \hspace{-1.5cm} \checkmark \hspace{-1.5cm} $	→	G	Datix
	ECOLI	8	March-2018	4	41	~~~~~~		G	Datix
No New Harms	Serious Incidents reported (unvalidated)	0	March-2018	10	242		1	R	Datix
	Harm Free Care %	95%	March-2018	92.51%	92.09%	$\sim \sim \sim$	•	Α	Quality
	Catheter & New UTIs	1	March-2018	1	17	~~~~~		G	Quality
	Falls	3.90	March-2018	5.72	4.92		•	Α	Datix
	Medication errors	0	March-2018	131	1620	~~~~		Α	Datix
	Medication errors (mod, severe or death)	0	March-2018	20	225	$\sim \sim \sim$	1	R	Datix
	VTE Risk Assessment	95%	March-2018	97.18%	97.05%	$\sim\sim$	↓	Α	Information Services
Core Learning	Overall percentage of completed mandatory training	95%	April-2018	83.42%	89.84%	$\overline{}$	•	R	ESR
Complaints	No of Complaints received	70	March-2018	56	742	~~~~	\mathbf{V}	G	Datix
	No of Complaints still Open		April-2018	243	3202	$\overline{}$	1	Α	Datix
	No of Complaints ongoing		April-2018	19	478	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1	Α	Datix
	No of Pals	0	March-2018	385	3516	$\$	1	R	Datix
	eDD	95%	March-2018	93.84%	85.14%	$\sim \sim \sim$	1	G	EDD
	#NOF 24	70%	April-2018	57.63%	55.23%	$\sim \sim \sim$	1	Α	Quality
	#NOF 48 hrs	95%	April-2018	93.22%	90.99%	\sim	1	G	Quality
	Dementia Screening	90%	April-2018	92.50%	89.23%	~~~~~	- V	Α	Information Services
	Dementia risk assessment	90%	April-2018	93.10%	95.79%	$\sim \sim \sim$	•	Α	Information Services
	Dementia referral for Specialist treatment	90%	April-2018	96.00%	86.91%	~~~	1	G	Information Services
Ambulance Handovers	EMAS Conveyances to ULHT	0	April-2018	4570	60435		•	Α	EMAS
	EMAS Conveyances Delayed >59 mins	0	April-2018	646	8151	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	↓	Α	EMAS
	104+ Day Waiters	0	March-2018	12	165	\sim		Α	Somerset
Length of Stay	Average LoS - Elective	2.80	April-2018	2.99	2.70	$\sim\sim$	1	R	Medway / Slam
	Average LoS - Non Elective	3.80	April-2018	4.75	4.53	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	- V	Α	Medway / Slam
Medically Fit for Discharge	Number of patients Medically Fit for Discharge	60	April-2018	58.00	57.15	$\sim \sim \sim$	\mathbf{V}	G	Bed managers
Delayed Transfers of Care	Delayed Transfers of Care	3.5%	April-2018		4.32%	$\sim \sim \sim \sim$	\mathbf{V}	G	Bed managers
Partial Booking Waiting List	Partial Booking Waiting List	0	April-2018	7279	5635	~~~~	1	R	Medway
Vacancies	Number of Vacancies	5%	April-2018	12.57%	10.80%	\sim	1	R	ESR
Sickness Absence	All days lost as a percentage of those available	4.5%	April-2018	4.75%	4.73%	~	\mathbf{V}	G	ESR
Staff Turnover	Staff Turnover	8%	April-2018	5.98%	5.68%	\sim	1	Α	ESR
Staff Engagement	Staff Appraisals	95%	April-2018	80.00%	79.31%			Α	ESR
Income	Income	35,776	April-2018	34,127	463,722		•	Α	Board Report Master
Expenditure	Expenditure	-43,179	April-2018	-41,520	-539,474	~~~~	1	G	Board Report Master
Efficiency Delivery	Efficiency Delivery	718	April-2018	0	9,079	_~~	-	Α	FIMS report
Capital Delivery Program	Capital Delivery Program	-3,083	April-2018	-137	-7,231	$\sim\sim\sim$	•	Α	FPIC Finance Report
Agency Spend	Agency Spend	-2,305	April-2018	-2,278	-31,308	$\sim \sim \sim$	1	Α	Agency Staff Analysis

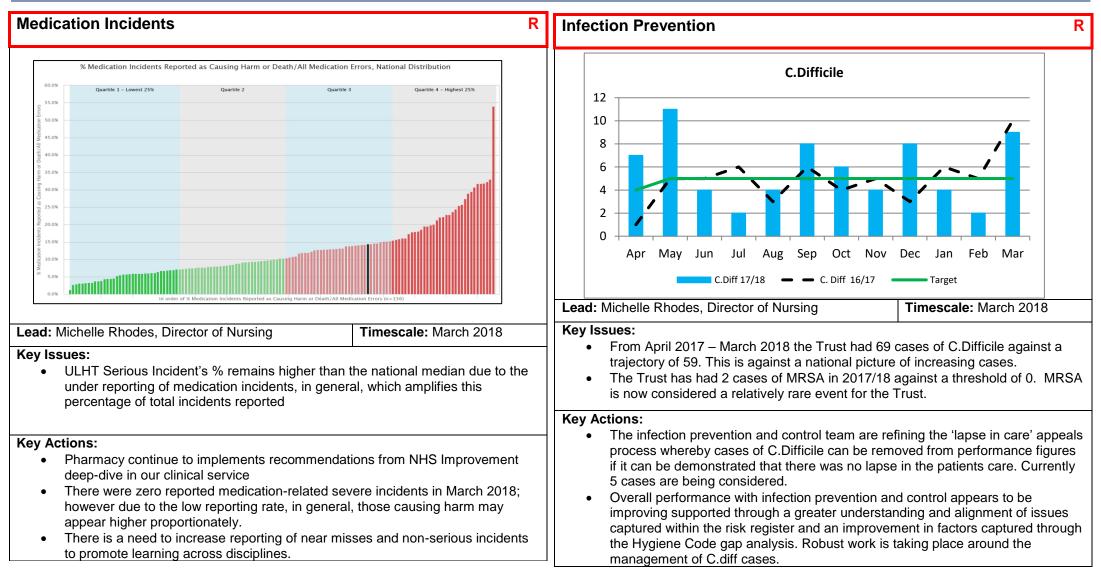
CLINCAL DIRECTORATES DASHBOARD

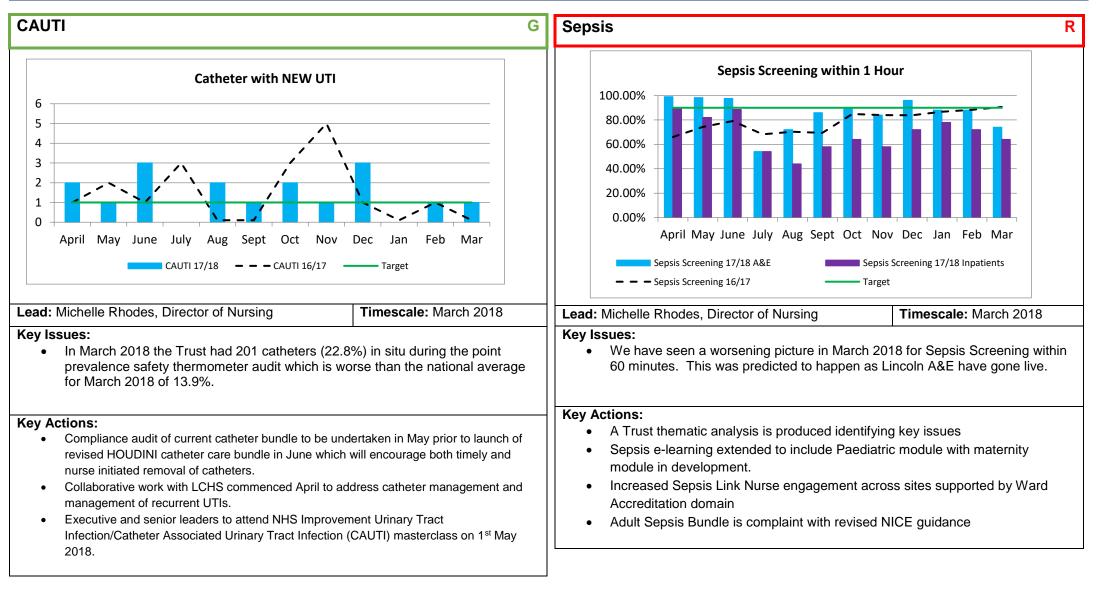
				Clinical	Lincoln	Lincoln			Lincoln						
Indicator	Measure	Grantham	Women &	Support	Urgent	Acute	Haematology &	Cardiology	Surgery &	Lincoln	Orthopaedics	Pilgrim	Pilgrim	Head &	Pilgrim Acute
			Children	Services	Care	Medicine	Oncoloy		Urology	TACC		TACC	Surgery	Neck	Medicine
Infection Control	Clostrum Difficile (post 3 days)														
	MRSA bacteraemia (post 3 days)				1										
	MSSA bacteraemia (post 5 days)														
	ECOLI														
Never Events	Number of Never Events														
No New Harms	Serious Incidents reported (unvalidated)														
	New Harm Free Care %														
	Falls														
	Medication errors (mod. severe or death)														
	Pressure Ulcers (PUNT) 3/4														
	Sepsis screening <60mins														
Core Learning	Overall percentage of completed mandatory training														
Friends and Family Test	Inpatient (Response Rate)														
	Inpatient (Recommend)														
	Emergency Care (Response Rate)														
	Emergency Care (Recommend)														
	Maternity (Reponse Rate)														
	Maternity (Recommend)														
	Outpatients (Reponse Rate)														
	Outpatients (Recommend)														
Complaints	No of Complaints received														
Inpatient Experience	Mixed Sex Accommodation														
Stroke	Patients with 90% of stay in Stroke Unit														
	Sallowing assessment < 4hrs														
	Scanned < 1 hrs														
	Scanned < 12 hrs														
	Admitted to Stroke < 4 hrs														
	Patient death in Stroke														
				Clinical	Lincoln	Lincoln			Lincoln						
Indicator	Measure	Grantham	Women & Children	Support	Urgent	Acute	Haematology & Oncoloy	Cardiology	Surgery &	Lincoln TACC	Orthopaedics	Pilgrim TACC	Pilgrim	Head & Neck	Pilgrim Acute Medicine
			Children	Services	Care	Medicine	Oncoloy		Urology	TACC		TACC	Surgery	NECK	weuchie
A&E	4hrs or less in A&E Dept														
	12+ Trolley waits														
	EMAS Conveyances Delayed >59 mins														
RTT	52 Week Waiters														
	18 week incompletes														
Cancer	62 day classic														
	2 week wait suspect														
	2 week wait breast symptomatic														
	31 day first treatment														
	31 day subsequent drug treatments														
	31 day subsequent surgery treatments														
	31 day subsequent radiotherapy treatments														
	62 day screening														
Diagnostic Waits	diagnostics achieved														
Partial Booking Waiting List	Partial Booking Waiting List														
Vacancies	Number of Vacancies														
Sickness Absence	All days lost as a percentage of those available														
Staff Turnover	Staff Turnover														
Staff Engagement	Staff Appraisals														
Income	Income														
Expenditure	Expenditure														
Efficiency Delivery	Efficiency Delivery														
Agency Spend	Agency Spend														





United Lincolnshire Hospitals





G

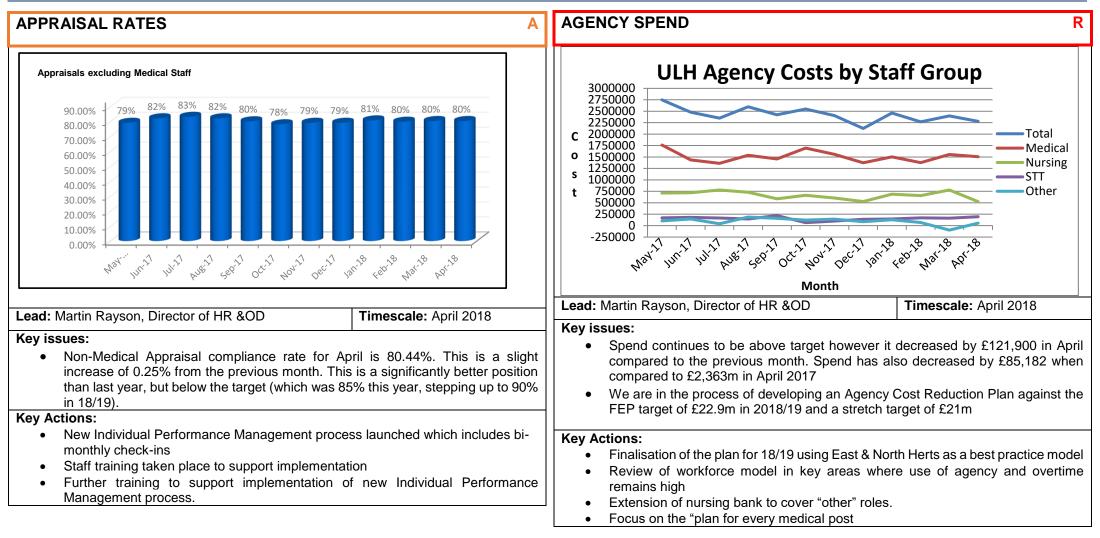
WORKFORCE

VACANCY RATES R **VOLUNTARY TURNOVER** Note: Due to the unavailability of April '18 establishment figures as new year budgets are not yet in the ledger, vacancies have been calculated by comparing staff inpost as at 30th April '18 to the latest available establishments (31st March '18). As such vacancy rates this month **Rolling 12 Month Turnover Rate** should be treated with caution. 11.00% **ULH Percentage Vacancy Rates** 10.00% 20.00% % 9.00% All Turnover (excl Jnr Drs) 15.00% а 8.00% g - Vol Turnover inc 7.00% 10.00% е Retirements 6.00% Vol Turnovers Excl 5.00% Retirements 5.00% May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr 0.00% '17 '17 '17 '17 '17 '17 '17 '18 '18 '18 '18 May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Month Ending '17 '17 '17 '17 '17 '17 '17 '18 '18 '18 '18 **Month Ending** Lead: Martin Rayson, Director of HR &OD Timescale: April 2018 Lead: Martin Rayson, Director of HR &OD Timescale: April 2018 **Key Issues:** Key issues: Whilst turnover rates remain below the average for acute trusts, we are putting • Registered Nursing and Allied Health Professional vacancy rates increased • particular emphasis on retention projects, to seek to ensure they do not rise compared to the previous month with Medical & Dental seeing a slight decrease further. The overall Trust vacancy rate for April is 12.57% which is an increase compared **Key Actions:** to 11.14% rate in April 2017. Intention to introduce an "itchy feet" interview process, whereby we can Key Actions: intervene where people are thinking about leaving; Improvements to recruitment website and documentation underway Focus on junior doctor experience (partly in response to the findings of the Focus on "plan for every post" to understand action being taken to fill vacancies Guardians of Safe Working Practice and the GMC survey) - project with Fundamental review of recruitment approach underway in preparation for deep . project manager underway involving key stakeholders. dive at next System Improvement Board Review of benefits underway – focus on extending benefits offer, reflecting on Reviewed nursing recruitment - plan for second cohort exercise (based on . it from an age differentiation perspective and how we promote our offer site/specialties) and plan for additional resources to support

WORKFORCE

CORE LEARNING A	SICKNESS ABSENCE A
Core Learning Compliance	ULHT Annual Sickness Absence Rate (Target 4.5%) 5.00% 4.50% 4.00% 3.50% 3.00% 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
	Lead: Martin Rayson, Director of HR &OD
 Key issues: This month the focus is on Basic Life Support which is currently 83.73%, the lowest compliance rate although higher than April 2017 when it was 75%. BLS was introduced into core learning compliance figures in October 2016 after the 6 month introdcutory period from April 16 when it was 24%. This topic is delivered annually via e-learning for non-clinical staff and via a face to face assessment for Clinical Staff. 	 Key issues: In order to make a significant difference to this absence rate, we need to tackle the underlying causes of sickness. Given a very large proportion of sickness is attributed to stress and pressure, we must seek to deal with those things that cause stress. This is a particular focus of our OD and health and well-being work. The quality of leadership is a focus for the Trust in 2018/19 and in our health and well-being strategy we continue to invest in mindfullness and mental forst aid training. Improving staffing levels and reducing pressures will assist
 Key Actions: We have, through monthly performance meetings, asked Directorates to report back on how they will improve compliance in core learning in the next month. 'Hotspots' are any areas in the red i.e. with less than 70% compliance with any number of staff. Following work by the Core Learning Lead, 9 areas have come off the hotspot list this month. The Resuscitation Services department monitor non-compliance and chase up on a monthly basis. 	 though as these are the fundamentla cause of stress. Key Actions: ER managers will be managing complex absence cases and those with absence history alongside those with long term conditions ER team are contacting managers to request the amendment of 'unknown' and 'other' recordings in ESR. ER Team are focusing on analysis of lack of RTW and sharing this information with Managers

WORKFORCE



FINANCE

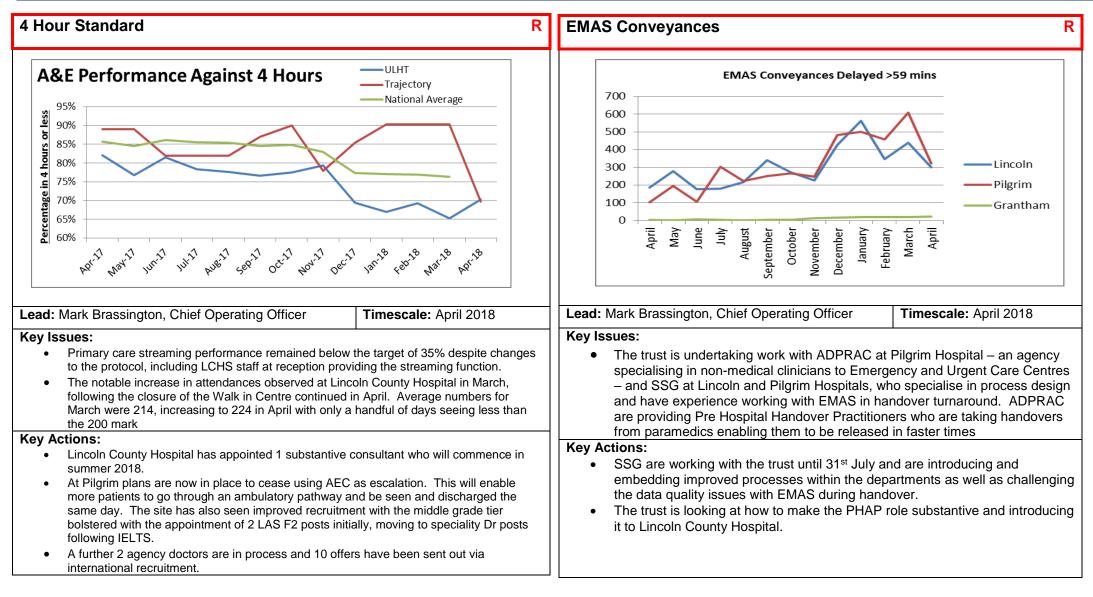
Financial Position R							Efficiency	R
Operating income from patient care activities Other operating income Employee expenses Operating expenses excluding employee expenses OPERATING SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FINANCE COSTS NET FINANCE COSTS SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE PERIOD/YEAR Adjusted financial performance surplus/(deficit) Lead: Karen Brown, Director of Finance & Corporate Affairs Key Issues:	A Plan £'000 32,953 2,823 -27,190 -15,587 -7,001 -402 -7,403 -7,396 , Procurem	£'000 31,544 2,584 -27,463 -15,038 -8,373 -388 -8,762 -8,762 -8,724	Variance £'000 -1,409 -239 -273 549 -1,372 -1,372 -1,358 -1,327 imescal	Plan £'000 32,953 2,823 -27,190 -15,587 -7,001 0 -402 -7,403 -7,396 e: April		Variance £'000 -1,409 -239 -273 549 -1,372 0 14 -1,358 -1,327	Lead: Karen Brown, Director of Finance, Procurement & Corporate Affairs	
 The in-month and year to date position in April was a deficit of £8.8m (before technical adjustments), which is £1.4m adverse to the planned in-month deficit of £7.4m Underachievement of Income of £0.5m e.g. RTA income, Car Parking, Catering, Education & Training Slippage against the planned FEP profile of £0.5m Non-achievement of CQUIN, Fines and Challenges of £0.4m Key actions: The Financial Plan for 2018/19 includes anticipated borrowing costs of £5.9m based upon interest rates of 6% until August, before reverting back to 3.5%. In early May however the Trust received e-mail notification that rates would reduce from May. On the assumption that this is applied to both existing loans at 6% and new loans, this will potentially reduce borrowing costs to £5.5m. 						 Key Issues: The financial plan for 2017/18 included an efficiency programme of £19.7m and assumed delivery of £0.5m of the efficiency programme would be in Month 1 No efficiency delivery has been reported in Month 1, such that we are therefore £0.5m adverse to plan However, whilst delivery to date is less than planned, the ambition in 2018, is to deliver £30m of FEP savings 		

FINANCE Capital Agency R G 2018/19 Scheme £m Medical Equipment 3.4 IM&T 2.6 Estates 3.0 Lead: Karen Brown, Director of Finance, Procurement Timescale: April 2018 Fire Compliance (includes £26.5m external support) 28.6 & Corporate Affairs Contingency 1.3 Key Issues: **Grand Total** 38.9 • The Trust spent £29.4m on agency staffing in 2017/18, or £8.4m more than our agency cap of £21m. The financial plan for 2018/19 includes agency staffing expenditure of £22.9m. • Whilst agency expenditure to date of £2.3m is in line with plan, it is noted that the plan phasing assumed a reduction of £2.7m in the second half of the year Lead: Karen Brown, Director of Finance, Timescale: April 2018 compared to the first half of the year. **Procurement & Corporate Affairs Key Issues:** • The high level 2018/19 capital programme is set out in the table below, this is inclusive of the £26.6m external capital loan for fire • The contingency is inclusive of planned sales of £1.2m in 2018/19 that cannot be committed against spend until assurance of the capital receipt is confirmed.

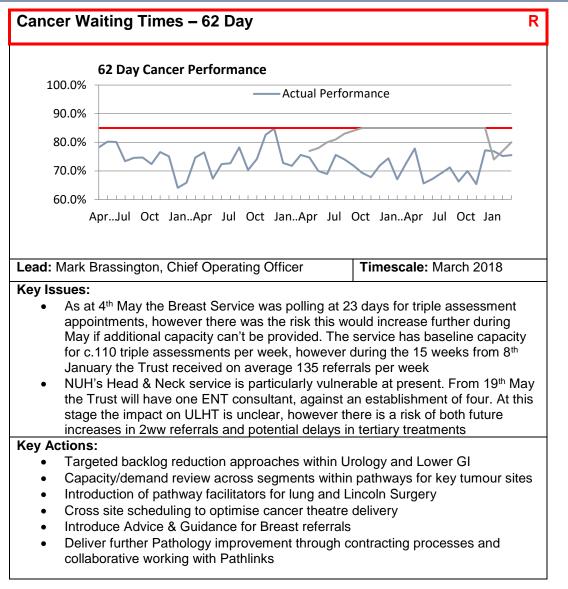
OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

Referral to Treatment – 18 weeks R	Diagnostic Wait – 6 week R
18 Week RTT - Incompletes	Gastroscopy Gastroscopy Flexi Sigmoidoscopy Urodynamics Neuro- Peripheral Target 99.1% 95.6% 100.0% 98.0% 85.9% 98.0% 99.0% 90.0%
81%	Card- echocardiography DEXA Scan Non-Obstetric Ultrasound MRI 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%
 Key Issues: ENT – 1341 patients over 18 weeks, the specialty has 151 patients waiting over 40 weeks, leading to increasing numbers of 52 week breaches General Surgery – accounted for c.11% of the Trusts 18 week+ incompletes at the end of March T&O – deteriorated by 2.5% during January, primarily as a result of reduced electives increasing the admitted backlog by 82 patients Key Actions: Plans are in place for the Theatres and Outpatients Improvement Programmes to deliver improved efficiency in 18/19 which are anticipated to enable reduction of the incomplete backlog at Trust level by c.1000 FYE The Trust 'switched off' paper referrals within seven specialties during April as part of the eRS roll out programme 	Lead: Mark Brassington, Chief Operating Officer Timescale: April 2018 Key Issues: • There were 44 more breaches in Echo at the end of April. This related to the continued impact of the lost capacity at the beginning of March relating to adverse weather, and a reduction in capacity due to three locum consultants leaving the Trust in April and the Clinical Directorate not able to replace this capacity Key Actions: • The Echo Service are providing additional capacity during May in order to reduce the backlog position which is currently anticipated to reduce the number of breaches to below 50 • The Endoscopy Service continue to utilise Medinet capacity in-week and at weekends in order to supplement existing capacity

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE



OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

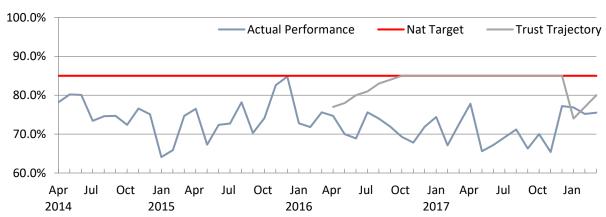


DEEP DIVE - CANCER 62 DAY PERFORMANCE

The Trust's performance for March against the 62 day classic standard was 75.5%. This is the first time since 2014 that the Trust has delivered performance for four consecutive months in excess of 75%.

The Trust achieved 4 out of the 9 cancer standards in March. Three of the four 31-day standards were achieved during March; with 31-day surgery failing primarily due to the impact of cancellations at the end of February/beginning of March as a result of the adverse weather conditions. The 62-day screening standard was achieved for the fourth month out of the last seven

The Trust's 14 day Breast Symptomatic performance in March was 24%, due to a combination of increased



62 Day Cancer Performance

referrals into the service (an average of 135 referrals per week between 8th January and mid-April, against a baseline capacity of 110 triple assessment slots) and a reduction in Radiology capacity and a reduction in the ability to provide additional ad hoc sessions at weekends. The performance level within the Breast tumour site had a significant impact upon the 14 day suspect cancer performance for February, where the Trust recorded 77.9%.

Improved performance at a Trust level over the last four months has coincided with Urology performance being above 65% for four months in a row for the first time in two years. Lower GI performance has only exceeded 60% once in the last 11 months, and remains the lowest performing tumour site.

Completion of RCAs for each 62-day breach in March found that the most frequent breach reasons were as follows (in order of occurrence):

- Endoscopy capacity (linked to unscheduled closure of Grantham unit during the building works, and impact of adverse weather conditions)
- Pathology delays
- CT capacity
- Patient choice and complexity
- U/S capacity, primarily biopsies

As of 3rd May there were 8 pts on or over 104 days without an agreed treatment plan: 3 x colorectal, 2 x Urology, 1 x Gynae, 1 x Haem, 1 x Lung.

The Trust treated 15 patients at 104 days or over during March, completing RCAs for all 15 patients. Due to the length of these pathways these patients had multiple reasons for delays in their pathways, as follows:

• 8 cases included patient choice delays

•

•

٠

٠

٠

•

•

- 7 cases included delays relating to Endoscopy capacity Patient Numbers by Tumor Site - 62 day 6 cases included ultrasound delays, primarily relating to biopsies 5 cases included pathology delays Other 4 cases included CT delays **Urol** malignancies 3 cases included theatre capacity restrictions Upper GI cancer 3 cases included MDT process delays Skin Cancer 3 cases included administrative delays Sarcoma 2 cases included delays relating to adverse weather conditions Lung cancer 2 cases included delays relating to MRI capacity Lower GI cancer 2 cases included HDU capacity issues 2 cases included complexity or procedural factors Head & Neck cancer 2 cases included tertiary treatment delays Haem malignancies 2 cases included patient fitness factors Gynaecology cancer no breach 1 case included primary care delays Children's cancer 1 case included tertiary diagnostic delays breach Breast cancer 1 cases included Outpatient capacity issues 1 case included other Radiology capacity delays Brain /CNS cancer
- 1 case included delays related to Outpatient capacity
- 1 case included delays relating to Oncology capacity
- 1 case included delays relating to Chemo capacity

The Trust completes a full review of any potential harm related to excessive waits for cancer treatment (104 + Day Waits and patients who waited over 21 days for first appointment on a suspect cancer pathway who were subsequently diagnosed with cancer): 16 Harm Reviews have been issued for February. As at 8th May, 12 have had been returned, with 11 reporting no harm and 1 reporting low harm. The remaining 4 harm reviews are with the relevant lead clinician for completion.

0

10

20

30

40

50

As at 8th May, April's 62-day performance position was 76%, however further treatments are likely to be recorded over the next 4 weeks prior to submission of April's data and are likely to improve this position further.

<u>Risks</u>

- As at 4th May the Breast Service was polling at 23 days for triple assessment appointments, however there was the risk that this would increase further during May if additional capacity can't be provided. The service has baseline capacity for c.110 triple assessments per week, however during the 15 weeks from 8th January the Trust received an average of 135 referrals per week.
- Breast 62-day performance for April is currently forecast to be in excess of 85%, however there is a risk that it could reduce to c.80-85% during May. Data analysis suggests that the risk of deterioration against the 62-day standard increases once polling reaches 22 days, however the Service will attempt to mitigate this risk through optimisation of capacity within the treatment phase for patients with a confirmed cancer diagnosis.

• The CCGs have produced communication messages to make GP practices aware of this issue, and to take this into account when patient choice discussions are undertaken. The Trust have secured additional Breast Radiology capacity from late May, which will enable increased capacity to be delivered in order to reduce the backlog of patients waiting over 14 days.

United Lincolnshire

Hospitals NHS Trust

 NUH's Head and Neck service is particularly vulnerable at present. From 19th May the Trust will have one ENT Consultant, against an establishment of four. They are working with other Trusts/Commissioners to develop interim plans as they continue to attempt to recruit further Consultants. At this stage the impact upon ULHT is unclear, however there is a risk of both future increases in 2WW referrals and potential delays in tertiary treatments for Head and Neck cancer cases.

As at 8th May there were 64 patients over 62 days on the cancer PTL, with the ambition to reduce this down to 40 patients as quickly as possible during May. Priority actions being undertaken include:

- Endoscopy delivered 91% request to scope within 10 days at the end of April. Continued use of insourcing capacity to maintain this level of performance whilst recruitment processes linked to business case are completed
- Radiology delivered 67% request to report within 7 days during April. Complete recruitment processes and commence roll out of 7-day CT and MRI.
- Pilot for nurse led triage within Urology pathway ongoing March May.
- Targeted backlog reduction approaches within Urology and Lower GI
- Capacity/demand review across segments within pathways for key tumour sites
- Introduction of pathway facilitators for lung and Lincoln Surgery
- Cross site scheduling to optimise cancer theatre delivery
- Work with CCGs to implement East Midlands Cancer Alliance pathway priorities
- Introduce advice and guidance for Breast referrals
- Develop business case for breast 6-day service
- Deliver further Pathology improvement through contracting processes and collaborative working with Path Links to improve Pathology pathways

APPENDIX 1: GLOSSARY

Indicator	Definition
#NOF 24hrs	Fracture neck of femur time to theatre within 24 hours
#NOF 48hrs	Fracture neck of femur time to theatre within 48 hours
A&E 4 hour wait	Percentage of all A&E attendances where the patient spends four hours of less in A&E from arrival to transfer, admission or discharge
A&E 12 hour trolley wait	Total number of patients who have waited over 12 hours in A&E from decision to admit to admission
52 Week Wait	The number of incomplete pathways greater than 52 weeks for patients on incomplete pathways at the end of the period
RTT - 18 week referral to treatment	The percentage of patients on incomplete pathways within 18 weeks against the total number of patients on an incomplete pathway as at the end of the calendar month
Cancer 2ww	Two weeks from urgent GP referral for suspected cancer to first appointment.
Cancer 2ww Breast Symptomatic	Two weeks from referral for breast symptoms to first appointment.
Cancer 62 Day classic	62 days from urgent GP referral for suspected cancer to first treatment.
Cancer 62 day screening	62 days from urgent referral from NHS Cancer Screening Programme to first treatment.
Cancer 62 day upgrade	62 days from a consultant's decision to upgrade the urgency of a patient due to a suspicion of cancer to first treatment.
Cancer 31 day first	31 days from diagnosis to first treatment for all cancers.
Cancer 31 day subsequent treatment (drug)	31 days from decision to treat/earliest clinically appropriate date to second/subsequent treatment (drug).
Cancer 31 day subsequent treatment (surgery)	31 days from decision to treat/earliest clinically appropriate date to second/subsequent treatment (surgery).
Cancer 31 day subsequent treatment (radiotherapy)	31 days from decision to treat/earliest clinically appropriate date to second/subsequent treatment (radiotherapy).
SHMI – Summary Hospital level Mortality Indicator	The ratio between the actual number of patients who die following hospitalisation at the Trust and the number that would be expected to die on the basis of average England figures, given the characteristics of the patients treated there
HSMR – Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio	The ratio of the observed to expected deaths, multiplied by 100, with expected deaths derived from statistical models that adjust for available case mix factors such as age and comorbidity
MFFD - Medically fit for discharge	Average number of patients discharged before 12 noon who have been declared as medically fit for 72hours
DTOC - Delayed transfers of care	Total number of delayed transfers of care (delayed days) per 100,000 population (attributable to either NHS, social care or both)