United Lincolnshire Hospital NHS Trust

Winter Plan

V0.2

6/9/2017

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2. Aims of the Plan

The Trust wide Winter Plan sets out the organisations arrangements for the winter period. Winter is not an emergency or considered an unusual event, but recognised as a period of increased pressure due to demand both in the clinical acuity of the patients and the capacity demands on resources within the trust. In addition, the winter period often brings with it untoward events such as widespread infectious diseases including Norovirus and there is the risk of the onset of the unusual such as pandemic flu. Each year, all sites experience increased pressure in patient flow. The Winter Plan prepares the organisation with support from the Health and Care Community in Lincolnshire to:

- focus on admission avoidance schemes and ambulatory care pathways
- create the capacity to meet increased demand
- link the Trust Winter Plan to the Lincolnshire System Resilience Plan
- robustly performance manage the system to maintain quality, activity, safety and experience

Much of this plan echoes the urgent care improvement plan being worked on throughout Q1-Q2 as part of the Lincolnshire Urgent Care System escalation process.

Unlike previous years, 2017-18 will see no increase in bed capacity, and therefore solutions described in this plan are purely based on demand management, efficiency and improvement of flow and throughput.

The top 5 interventions within this report are:

- The reduction of overcrowding in ED through the increase of streaming patients to services outside of the department (Primary care streaming, AEC and other department pathways)
- The reduction of DTOCs from 2016/17 level of 4.1% to 3.0% reducing occupancy and the need for increase bed capacity
- The reduction of LOS through the use of Red2Green reductions in waits, Pride and Joy and the continuation of progress made in Q1 and Q2
- The reduction and avoidance of admissions through services within the community, the CAS service and other ambulatory management of patients
- The improvement of medical capacity within the ED department through implementation of the new medical model and increase in specialty doctors working as part of the ED team.
3. **A&E Trajectory**

A performance trajectory for the 4 hour standard for 2017/18 considers improvements in process, staffing, physical capacity and aligns with anticipated demand changes over the winter period.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trajectory Non-Admitted</th>
<th>April</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>July</th>
<th>August</th>
<th>Sept</th>
<th>October</th>
<th>Nov</th>
<th>Dec</th>
<th>January</th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actual Non-Admitted</td>
<td>65.41%</td>
<td>82.70%</td>
<td>85.59%</td>
<td>82.56%</td>
<td>82.26%</td>
<td>86.00%</td>
<td>89.50%</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
<td>95.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trajectory Admitted</td>
<td>64.95%</td>
<td>52.52%</td>
<td>63.70%</td>
<td>59.51%</td>
<td>57.83%</td>
<td>61.00%</td>
<td>69.00%</td>
<td>76.54%</td>
<td>77.96%</td>
<td>76.54%</td>
<td>76.54%</td>
<td>76.54%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Actual Admitted</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trajectory Total</td>
<td>82.21%</td>
<td>76.86%</td>
<td>81.38%</td>
<td>78.22%</td>
<td>77.47%</td>
<td>78.00%</td>
<td>85.36%</td>
<td>90.31%</td>
<td>90.31%</td>
<td>90.31%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Actual</td>
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4. **Bed Occupancy Approach**

Bed usage fluctuates between around 750 and 950 beds across the organisation with escalation.

Forecast demand has been modelled based on anticipated adult bed requirement throughout 2017/18. At a Trust-level the model forecasts a bed shortfall of circa 106 beds. Whilst at an aggregated level the pressure is seasonal, the model is forecasting the bed-base to be insufficient throughout 2017/18. This will be particularly pertinent over winter months.

Winter 2017/18 will see no increase in bed occupancy based on a number of factors:

- Fireworks enforcement notice actions
- Agency usage for nursing (required for bed capacity) is already extremely high and supply of agency staff is already at times insufficient to meet the needs of the existing bed stock

Therefore Winter 2017/18 plans to address the shortfall in bed occupancy are integrated into the overall system improvement plan.
This will involve –

- Admissions avoidance; community beds will be used as an alternative to acute
- Effective streaming to divert patients from the acute setting
- Continued use of the Red2Green and Pride and Joy approaches at each hospital, reducing acute LOS
- Expediting transfer from hospital of medically safe patients (Discharge to Assess, investment in community and home care capacity via the BCF)
- Elective care pathway redesign
- Elective inpatient reduction in scheduling and programming, together with the reallocation of elective capacity to support emergency care pathway patients

Specifically the reduction in demand through admission avoidance, together with LOS and earlier discharges will reduce occupancy across Q3 and Q4 in line with submissions earlier in the year as per below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>By increasing beds (from x to y)</th>
<th>16/17 position</th>
<th>17/18 position</th>
<th>Commentary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>By reducing length of stay</td>
<td>5.24</td>
<td>5.05</td>
<td>Reducing elective LOS from 2.64 to 2.33 days and non elective LOS from 5.24 to 4.98 days due to actions already underway around Red to Green and further improvements in SAFER. This incorporates the impact of the reduction in DTOCs on LOS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>By reducing non-elective admissions</td>
<td>57,258</td>
<td>56,210</td>
<td>NEL admission avoidance in primary care and the use of ambulatory emergency care services will all reduce admissions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>By reducing DTOCs</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>DTOC reduction programme will be down to 3.0% sustained. Already at 3.6% April 2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Bed Occupancy Schemes

Red2Green

Early success in Red2Green implementation at the beginning of 2017/18 is forecast to continued and will strengthen over the winter period. Senior manager (head of nursing, general managers, deputy director) silver led Red2Green meetings will enable increased escalation, resolution and authority to resolve issues for patients with delays in care. (See appendix 7 for an example of the Red2Green capture of delays)
Stranded Patients

Stranded patient reviews chaired by executives will increase visibility and escalate issues for longest stay patients in order to reduce the effect of PJParalysis, and both DTOCs and excessive health delay patients in each hospital.

LOS and occupancy improvements in Q1 and Q2 2017/18 give confidence in the continuation of both the Red2Green schemes, SAFER principles and Pride & Joy.

DTOC reduction to 3.0%

Reduction in and sustainability of 3.0% or below will be supported by the urgent care system.

As part of this there is an ongoing drive to:

Ongoing drive for;

- Effective decision making for patients (safe care)
- Ensure staff are well led and motivated
- Ensure patient has a clear and agreed reason for admission to bed based care – Home First
- Clear pathways of care with milestones and accountabilities – Acute and Transitional care
- Red/Green day operating framework to manage the day and the stay for every patient
- Measurement one version of the truth
- Active in-reach for discharge planning and decision making
- Well led, engaged and motivated workforce
- Individual and team accountability
Evidence of improvement in Q1-Q2 gives promise of the continuing reduction in demand on inpatient beds. See below:

**Delays as % of Occupied Beds**

### Elective Care Pathway Redesign

Q3-and Q4 will see the introduction of consistently increased levels of enhanced recovery after surgery (ERAS) across specialties. Starting with Orthopaedic patients and building on the Getting it Right First Time (GIRFT) opportunities of LOS efficiencies up to 10 beds on each of PHB and LCH hospital sites are expected. Identified groups of patients with variation between 1.8 days LOS and 5.4 LOS are priorities and have excellent clinical buy in to pathway improvements.

### Ward moves PHB

The reallocation and reconfiguration of wards at PHB will take place throughout the winter of 2017-18. This programme of works is designed to address a number of key drivers:

- Continued use of AEC as escalation capacity & Outliers
- Shortage of short stay beds and associated inefficiency (-16 medical / -12 surgical)
- Move from M1 and reduction of Gynaecology beds (HSE)
- CQC concerns over management / staffing on 7th floor (NIV / Tracheostomies)
- Fire on 9th floor and temporary placement of Stroke ward on DCU, limiting stroke beds, Sentinel performance and impacting on LOS
- Professor Briggs visit and Getting it right first time (GIRFT) for T&O
- Fire safety enforcement
The 17 month programme will address these issues, however the initial and first improvement factor will be the right sizing of capacity for assessment and admissions beds in medicine. The 3rd floor of PHB will become an appropriately sized medical assessment and admissions area that will deliver a step improvement in the number of short stay discharges and flow from ED (December 2017). Other improvements being delivered will include surgical assessment ward capacity improving the number of patients that can be streamed out of the department to be assessed and reducing overcrowding.

Although this programme plan is not fully authorised it is likely to be sanctioned and commence in September 2017.

6. Emergency Department Approach

Each of the Trusts’ 3 emergency departments will experience increased pressures over winter. Using themes that have recurrent in recent years, these are likely to manifest as:

- Increased casemix of frail patients who experience difficulties in winter months (increased demand)
- Increased demand at times of holidays when patients delay receipt of treatment and/or expose themselves to increased risk of injury/illness (increased demand)
- Decreased support and availability in primary care GP through during winter holidays and patients that decide not to use alternative services (increased demand)
- Reduced flow and inpatient bed availability increasing exit block (reduced capacity)

The response to this increase in pressure are incorporated into the urgent care improvement programme already underway. The main themes of these improvements will be:

- Reduced demand on EDs through bypassing of ED and straight to ambulatory units
- Reduced demand on EDs through increased streaming of patients to other services; internally within the hospitals, newly built primary care service areas, and externally to community based services
- Increased capacity through greater number of medical staff in each of the two main EDs at LCH and PHB – Utilising the new model of specialty (medicine, surgery and T&O) doctors working within the teams directly

7. Emergency Department Schemes

Ambulatory Emergency Care Unit Direct GP Referrals

The trust has ambulatory care units at LCH, PHB and GDH. LCH AEC has moved in the last 12 months to an area that could not be used for inpatient beds, thus protecting the facility from becoming surge capacity overnight. This improvement together with the pathway of direct GP referrals reduces the burden on both ED and the admission wards.

AEC unit at PHB will become a 7 day unit from October 2017, thus increasing the number of patients that can be streamed to AEC and reducing the burden on ED and admission units. This does require recruitment, however as a part of the urgent care improvement plan is a key priority for the Trust.

The combined effect of AEC improvements will positively impact on exit block, as well as reduction of overall ED attends.

Increased streaming to services within the hospital

The streaming of patients from initial assessment straight to other units within the hospital will reduce overcrowding in ED and the demand on the physical department and workforce. Streaming is anticipated to increase to 35% of total ED attends across the two larger EDs at PHB and LCH. The streaming services being put in place are:
- GP Referrals straight to AEC from July
- Ophthalmology Eye Casualty ENT and Max-Fax, Dentistry from September
- Paediatric and Early pregnancy pathways from September
- Primary Care Streaming from October developing until December at which point 25% of attends would be streamed
The above trajectory maps out the anticipated effect of each of the schemes in terms of %age of ED attends that would be streamed elsewhere. Thus reducing overcrowding and the demand on staffing.

**Increased capacity through the recruitment of addition medical staff in ED**

In recent years assumptions regarding the use of agency ED middle grade, consultant and junior doctor staff over peak periods have had mixed levels of success and impact. As previously stated the existing level of agency usage in both medical and nursing workforces are at such levels as to make it highly unlikely that any increase could be sustained. Indeed during Q1-Q2 2017-18 there were regularly shifts that remained uncovered and empty, particularly at peak holiday times.

The approach to increasing medical workforce described in the urgent care improvement plan, and for winter preparedness, is to change the model of ED medical workforce. Throughout the winter period a core of Emergency specialist staff will be maintained, however supplementing this core with further capacity will be specialty middle grade and consultant doctors in medicine, surgery and orthopaedics. These teams will be recruited to as specialist doctors working in the ED, however able to see and treat a greater breadth of patient casemix than a conventional specialist doctor.

This process started in August 2017 when recruitment was successful to the first two surgical SpR level doctors who will be working on rotas in the PHB ED. This recruitment will continue up to winter increasing the chance of a substantive and sustainable medical workforce capacity over a period known for its variability in agency staffing supply.

The majority of this additional capacity of workforce which represents over £2m FYE internal investment in additional staff, will commence in Q4.

A temporary increase of additional registrar working in ED from 14:00 – 00:00 (Twilight) will cover the winter period commencing in October

**8. Additional ULHT Schemes**

Internally, to support the Red2Green, reduction in waits, and to improve responsiveness in each ED the following increase and improvements in services will be put in place:

- **7 day Pharmacy** – will commence from late October providing increased dispensing and discharge medication services to patients across the weekend.

- **7 day Therapies** – utilising bank, overtime and agency to increase capacity will provide therapy service to the wards throughout winter from November. Physiotherapy and OT will be the prominent feature of the 7 day service although SLT is also being explored.

- **Safer Patient Flow Bundle** – The bundle relates to a series of common sense practises to improve flow in the hospital such as earlier senior review, clear planning for discharge, early flow out of assessment wards to help clear A&E and early discharge. The delivery of SAFER has greatly improved over the last 12 months however two significant areas of improvement will be incorporated into both the urgent care improvement plan and this winter plan.
Board rounds at weekends – is an area of weakness currently within the trust. The combination of increased medical cover at weekend together with this operating process is anticipated to greatly improve the ratio of weekday:weekend discharges.

Pull from base wards from admissions by 10:00 am is another area of weakness that will be implemented in preparation for winter. The target of pulling a patient for each ward by 10:00 will be incorporated into each ward’s accreditation and safety checklists. Displayed on every ward it will be a key measure of flow and safety across the trust.

*Increase Reception capacity in ED* – to support increased streaming and the increased resilience of the reception team, additional staff will be recruited to work overnights ensuring that nursing teams can focus on nursing duties and that administrative coordination between parts of the department and primary care streaming are robust.

*Increased Medical Capacity at weekends* – At both PHB, and LCH core ward and outlier review capacity will be in place with additional specialist registrar and CT2 doctor team to ensure that weekday plans our carried out and new patients are seen and given plans for treatment through to discharge.

### 9. Community Schemes

In setting the A&E trajectory community services proposed a number of additional schemes:

*Rapid Response* – support for people to keep them at home and prevent admissions. Commencing in October this would reduce our bed requirements.

*Discharge Hub* – Although hosted by ULHT the hubs bring together staff from community services and social care. There is ongoing debate around ownership of the hubs, currently ULHT, and we have expressed our concerns around any change to this. However, the CCG are keen to review and feel a model of pulling patients out of the acute trust rather than the acute trust pushing them is the preferred model. Hence the discharge hub was included within the community schemes. The discharge hubs have been a success reducing the length of stay for patients medically fit for discharge from around 10 days to 4.5 days at Lincoln, by way of example.

*Support at Home (HART)* – a further admission avoidance scheme to support patients in their own home. This service also supports discharge of patients with a planned date of package of care commencement. This ability to “bridge” package of care enables a more rapid discharge and reduction in LOS

*CAS* – the Clinical Assessment Service is a telephone triage direct from clinicians which, will continue to reduce Green 3&4 calls and see a 50% reduction in 111 A&E dispositions.
10. Ambulance Handover

The Trust works closely with EMAS to improve handover times and the impact that ED overcrowding and pressure can have on released ambulance crews in a timely way.

The use of Rapid Assessment and Initial Triage (RAIT) across the EDs has greatly improved handover times over the past year 12 months. This process is maturing and will continue to improve, with support from ECIP and a series of audits and improvement workshops being run in August/September 2017. It is anticipated that the output of these will be incorporated into the overall improvement plan as well as this winter plan and will seek to deliver a sustained improvement across the winter months.

An ED risk tool has also been created, to give an internal escalation level within ED separate to the Site Operational Escalation Level. This new tool, gives an “at a glance” look at the number of patients in A&E, time to triage and first assessment, number of patients in resus, number of ambulance crews waiting and the longest ambulance crew wait (appendix 4). This gives a focus across the trust on where pressure is building and there are local actions for easing pressure and earlier escalation for the winter period.

(See joint handover protocol Appendix 1 for more detail on process)

11. Elective Phasing

Reducing elective activity plans will follow previous years plans for the 6 week period from the end of December and throughout January. The week prior to Christmas will incorporate scheduling procedures with longer LOS for the early part of the week, and reducing routine inpatient elective activity by approximately 50% on 22\textsuperscript{nd} and 23\textsuperscript{rd} December in order to assist with the aim of achieving 80% bed occupancy on Christmas Eve. This reduction in routine activity will continue between Christmas and New Year.

During the first two weeks of January the Clinical Directorates will not schedule any routine inpatient surgery at PHB and LCH hospitals however they will continue to book cancer, urgent and daycase surgery. Louth and Grantham Hospitals will continue to offer full operating schedules throughout the holiday period. During the third week of January routine elective capacity will be re-introduced to a level of 50% of normal activity, increasing to 75% in the last week of January. It is planned that surgical activity will return to standard levels from the beginning of February.

12. Christmas

This year Christmas Eve, where the sites commonly have increased discharges, falls on a Sunday. It is unlikely additional staff other than the normal weekend roster to work the 24\textsuperscript{th} so planning to ensure discharges on Friday the 22\textsuperscript{nd} will be maximised. This will include additional medical and pharmacy staffing to ensure patients are ready to go as well as securing increased capacity from transport providers to ensure that demand is matched at this important time.
After the 4 day holiday we anticipate increased pressure on the system and are therefore planning additional staffing to start from the last day of the holiday – Wednesday 27th – to ease flow back into the normal working week.

13. Inclement Weather

The local resilience forum (LRF) produce a multi-agency weather plan and ULHT has a Snow and Adverse Weather that includes advice for staff on preparedness, adverse weather warnings and actions for different levels of escalation. The trust also benefits from the Lincolnshire 4x4 response scheme (www.ln4x4r.org.uk) that can assist in getting staff and resources around the county. *(For more information see appendix 8)*

14. Communications Plan

This will contain key messages for the public to promote “choose well messages” and for staff around areas such as SAFER.

15. IP&C

Last winter saw capacity being compromised by an outbreak of norovirus on all sites. Demand was managed with an effective communications plan and the sites instigated outbreak meetings in line with the policy. The Infectious Outbreak / Incident Policy including Major Outbreak will be followed and invoked throughout this winter.

Additional alterations have been made to the medical admissions ward to support the compartmentalisation of the ward in the event of infectious outbreak. These new door systems will reduce the likelihood of spread and enable the ward to remain open for longer.

During Flu season Clinical staff who are likely to undertake an **aerosol generating procedure** would need to wear a Fit Tested FFP3 mask. Masks have to be fit tested at least annually. The model the trust uses for achieving fit testing is the “train the trainer” approach and the IPC assistants will provide this service. Staff who fall into the above category will need to be fit tested before the beginning of November.

**Aerosol Generating procedures: AGPs can generate an aerosol hazard from an infection that may otherwise only be transmissible via splashes or droplets.**

16. Influenza

The Trust flu plan for 2017/18 is enclosed in Appendix 9.

The plan describes a more robust approach than in previous years, and is approved alongside the ULHT Flu Charter. Vaccinations will commence in October and it is believed that the slight delay in vaccines availability will not impact on the timescales contained within the plan. Incentives and a wider media campaign are amongst some of the changes in the plan which is built on best practice taken from other Trusts and national guidance.
17. Operating Frameworks for Bronze-Silver-Gold and escalation

Throughout the winter period, as with any other time, operational flow through the sites will be managed by the Operations Centres. This year has seen work on standardising working methods between the sites, accepting some variance due to size and services provided.

Operational Flow (Bed Meeting) times have already been standardised throughout the day so that situation reporting can come out consistently. A 5pm teleconference is in place to brief the silver on call of the situation on each site and a 9 am teleconference takes place with community colleagues to update on issues through the night, discuss where pressures are occurring and provide a county and organisation wide escalation level.

The operational escalation policy is being reviewed in line with the changes to bed numbers reporting outlined above. The new policy will reflect normal working levels to prevent the sites constantly declaring “level 3” and the subsequent apathy this has caused. The escalation policy will take into account the A&E escalation levels and actions are being developed in accordance with the main issues rather than generic actions. We will enforce the actions outlined at each level within the policy.

The sites continue to operate a bronze, silver and gold structure out of hours and during emergency situations. The new Urgent Care Lead will take the role of bronze during normal hours with the SDM taking over out of hours. More detail on operational standard operating procedures is enclosed in Appendices 4-6
18. Appendix 1 EMAS & ULHT Ambulance Handover

A & E FLOW PLAN
ULHT

**Escalation (Holding)**

- IF UNABLE TO OFFLOAD PATIENT IN 15 MINUTES OR OTHER AMBULANCE ALREADY WAITING
  - INFORM NIC & PROVIDE COPY OF COMPLETED PRF
  - IF CLINICALLY SUITABLE AND TROLLEY AVAILABLE CONSIDER CO-HORTING (DOUBLING UP), GIVING CONSIDERATION TO FINISH TIMES AND MEAL BREAKS.
  - REQUEST EXTRA TROLLEYS FROM THE NIC IF REQUIRED, REFER TO CO-HORTING GUIDANCE.
  - IF DELAYS ARE OVER 30 MINS INFORM CONTROL AND REQUEST A HALO.
  - ONCE ABLE TO HANDOVER AND PATIENT IS ON HOSPITAL FURNITURE HANDOVER TO R&T NURSE

**AMBULANCE ARRIVES AT A & E**
(Book arrived at hospital)

- Enter "NOTIFY" on the ambulance arrival screen.

**DOES THE PATIENT MEET THE CRITERIA FOR MINORS TRIAGE?**

**MINORS CRITERIA**
- NEWS score 4 or less
- Simple limb or head injuries
- Minor burns
- Minor wounds
- Simple infections

**Normal working**

- TAKE PATIENT TO R&T CUBICLE AND SEE NURSE IN CHARGE (NIC) AND PROVIDE A COPY OF COMPLETED PRF
- HAS THE PATIENT BEEN HANDED OVER IN 15 MINUTES
  - NO
    - INFORM NIC AND FOLLOW ESCALATION FLOW CHART
  - YES
    - ONCE PATIENT ON HOSPITAL FURNITURE AND HANDOVER COMPLETED, BOOK HANDOVER ON AMBULANCE ARRIVAL SCREEN & LEAVE BOOKING IN INFORMATION FOR RECEPTION STAFF
    - DO NOT BOOK IN AT RECEPTION
    - RETURN TO VEHICLE

- ONCE HANDOVER COMPLETED, BOOK HANDOVER ON AMBULANCE ARRIVAL SCREEN & LEAVE BOOKING IN INFORMATION FOR RECEPTION STAFF
- DO NOT BOOK IN AT RECEPTION
- RETURN TO VEHICLE
19. Appendix 2 Risk Status System Screen Shot (RAGB = L1-4)

**Current Status**

**Lincoln County Hospital**
- **Overall Risk**: 764 (High)
  - Latest activity: 17:55
  - 47 patients in dept
  - 30 minutes to Triage
  - 8 ambulance crews waiting
  - 12 patients waiting for Ward Admission
  - 140 minutes to First assessment
  - Longest ambulance wait: 0 minutes

**Pilgrim Hospital Boston**
- **Overall Risk**: 314 (Moderate)
  - Latest activity: 17:18
  - 32 patients in dept
  - 10 minutes to Triage
  - 6 ambulance crews waiting
  - 5 patients waiting for Ward Admission
  - 79 minutes to First assessment
  - Longest ambulance wait: 0 minutes

**Grantham & District Hospital**
- No data is currently available for this site

*Page Refreshed at 18:00:36 (previously displayed: N/A) Next refresh at: 18:10 [Refresh now]*
Introduction

Objectives

- To help deliver the winter plan
- To raise awareness of where is the most suitable place to go for different levels of urgent care (national Stay Well message starting with flu in October and local choose well messages)
- To alleviate pressure on A&E by reducing the number of inappropriate visits.
- Raise awareness of alternatives to A&E among GPs and practice staff
- Publicise ULHT’s winter plan -
- Reassure stakeholders and public we have a robust plan including:
  - Urgent care streaming
  - New models of care
- Promote SAFER to frontline staff and senior managers
- Raise awareness of Red to Green and Pride and Joy with staff
- Promote emergency and urgent care principles to staff
- Work together with other providers and commissioners in Lincolnshire on a joint communications campaign

Key audiences

Staff

- Clinical and frontline staff
- Senior managers
- Clinical directors
- All staff

Stakeholders

- Nursing home and residential home staff
- CCGs
- Providers
- NHS Improvement
- MPs
- HOSC and HWB

Public

- ULHT members
• Hard to reach groups
• Public segmented into the following groups:
  o Confused users – don’t know alternatives to A&E
  o Convenient users – people who leave near to A&E
• Attached users (to A&E) - Patients with GP practices who are overrepresented at A&Es
• People with chronic health conditions
• Frequent flyers
### Plan

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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
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<th>Finish date</th>
<th>Lead person</th>
<th>Progress</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Messages</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Agree key messages</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agree plan objectives</td>
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<td><strong>Internal comms</strong></td>
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<td>Raise awareness of winter plan in CEO update &amp; weekly round-up</td>
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<td>Promote emergency and urgent care principles</td>
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<tr>
<td>Launch phased SAFER campaign in all internal comms channels</td>
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<td><strong>Public campaign</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bid for funding</td>
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<td><strong>Creatives</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Design on-street posters</td>
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<td>Sign off posters</td>
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<td>Design leaflet</td>
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<td>Sign off leaflet</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing leaflets</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing A1 posters</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing banners/ large collateral</td>
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<tr>
<td>Create content for websites</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sign off content</td>
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<tr>
<td>Get posters translated into Polish, Russian, Latvian and Lithuanian</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sign off translated materials</td>
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<td>Print translated materials</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Publicity</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Write media and publicity plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agree spokespeople</td>
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<tr>
<td>Get sign off</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Launch campaign</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Create campaign web pages on ULHT, LCHS and CCG websites</td>
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<tr>
<td>Launch campaign in media and social media</td>
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<tr>
<td>PR with staff, members and stakeholders</td>
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<tr>
<td>Distribute posters/ leaflets to GPs, pharmacies, other public places</td>
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<tr>
<td>Distribute posters and leaflets to shops in key areas</td>
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<tr>
<td>Put posters and banners up around ULHT hospitals</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Community engagement</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Identify key groups - biggest users of urgent care services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Write community engagement plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Write semi-structured questions for engagement</td>
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<tr>
<td>Engage with key groups and hand out leaflets and flyers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Run sessions with ULHT members</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Evaluation</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Organise debrief session</td>
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<tr>
<td>Send out survey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Analyse results</td>
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</table>
This SOP will give an overview of the working of the Operations Centres on both Lincoln and Pilgrim sites, this includes the roles and the functions of the team that work within.

**Operations Centre Daily Working:**
- The Operations Centre will act as the hub for information regarding the daily management of patient flow.
- Bed meetings will be normally be held at 8:30am, 12:30am and 15:00 daily unless otherwise stipulated at the meetings, further bed meetings may be required if the site is under extreme pressure (level 4). The bed meetings will follow the guidance laid out in the SOP for bed meetings.
- Attendance at the bed meeting will follow that prescribed in the SOP for bed meetings, and ULHT Escalation Policy. It is expected that all attendees to the meetings will actively participate and be able to provide information required to the meeting. Following this attendees will be expected to follow any actions given to them by the chair (Site Duty Manager) and bring back the information requested either to the next bed meeting or at a specified time.

**Site Duty Manager: (SDM)**
The SDM is the key role in the maintenance of flow through the sites throughout a 24 hour period. They will manage the flow proactively at all times with the bed management team:
- Chair the site bed meeting 3 times daily, more if required, making sure that information in relation to flow is shared and action plans are made for the hours in between meetings.
- Follow the internal escalation plan and document all plans and actions taken on the bed meeting questions.
- Manage the flow of patients both emergency and elective through the site with assistance of the bed management team.
- Work with the Discharge HUB/External agencies to manage the complex discharges.
- Work with the ward sisters and Matrons to make sure that patients have predicted dates of discharge highlighted and that the next day’s predicted discharges are given to the Operations Centre by 2pm daily. Issues should be escalated through the operational matron of the day/week.
- Work with the ward sisters and Matrons to monitor ward length of stay (LOS), and assist in reducing this, as per SOP relating to length of stay.
- Work with the ward sisters and Matrons to ensure high standards of safety are maintained as per policies.
- Work with the wards to address the delays, taking actions to move the patients through their pathway.
- Look at ‘risk’ associated with decisions and work to the best course of action making sure decisions are clearly documented.
- Liaise with the other sites within ULHT and ensure open sharing of the site situation and patient flow.
- Act as Bronze command. Liaising with Silver as required.
- Follow escalation policy in times of pressure.
- Monitor the 4 hour standard within A&E at all times.
Urgent Care Manager (new post)

The Urgent Care Manager’s role is to support the SDM with the maintaining flow across the site. They will:

- Be the link between the SDM and the Deputy Director of Ops (DDOP)
- Work closely with the SDM to maintain standards across the site (eg 4 hour ED, 18/26 weeks, cancer targets)
- Report to the DDOP when there are issues that disrupt flow.
- Work with colleagues to look at solutions to improving flow across the site, looking at PDD’s, LOS, bed configuration, ring fencing, outlying.
- Be present on daily systems call raising issues and concerns that are affecting performance to the appropriate partner organisation, and working on a solution to issues
- Supporting the SDM and bed managers in improving ways of working within the Operations Centre.
- Look at trends, analyse and feed this information into meetings, aiming to improve the pathways for the patient through the site.

Bed Manager:

The bed manager supports the SDM in managing the patient flow through the site.

- Proactively manage the bed stock on the site.
- To visit all ward areas and complete Visual Hospital(VH) as per VH standards, using the Plan for every Patient boards.
- Work with the coordinators in ED, on the Assessment units and within the ward areas making sure that beds are allocated as per patient movement standards, and that patients are moved in a timely manner, and that times are provided to ensure accurate times for patient moves to create smooth flow.
- To inform wards of the number of elective and emergency patients that the ward is required to pull through. Each ward will be provided with a list by the bed managers, if there are problems getting patients to allocated wards, they will work with the SDM, the Matron, the medical staff and the ward to reach a solution.
- Follow their escalation card in times of pressure.
- Work with the SDM and Operational matron of the day/week to review LOS over 7 days.

Matrons:

On a daily/weekly basis in hours a Matron will be identified as the Operational Matron for the day. The Operational Matron will:

- Attend the bed meetings as per SOP for bed meetings
- Manage the site staffing, feeding into the bed meetings the issues and actions taken around this. Working alongside the SDM in times of pressure to ensure that escalation areas can be staffed safely.
- Undertake any actions from the bed meeting and report back as required.
- To work with the SDM and Bed Manager to review the LOS above 7 days and action any same day plans.
- Ensure that any actions or information is fed back to colleagues from the bed meetings.
• Ensure that all wards are working proactively to manage patient flow, and are working towards the standards set for making sure beds are ready for the next patient.
• Communicate any issues from their colleagues that could affect flow through the site in a timely, effective and constructive way so that the SDM can work on actions to resolve.
• Assist the SDM in times of pressure to manage ‘risk’ across the site
• Ensure that all wards have identified 2 outliers and these have been signed off as suitable by the Matron or deputy for that area.
• Ensure that appropriate action is taken and that wards comply at times of pressure and in line with the Escalation Policy.

Heads of Nursing (HON’s)

On a weekly basis a HON will be identified as the HON who will support the Operations team with the flow on site. The HON will:

• Attend the bed meetings as per the SOP for bed meetings.
• Discuss and support site staffing both normal and escalation with the Operational Matron and the SDM.
• Communicate any issues from their colleagues that could affect flow through the site in a timely, effective and constructive way so that the SDM can work on actions to resolve.
• Assist the SDM in times of pressure to manage ‘risk’ across the site
• Ensure that appropriate actions are taken in line with the escalation policy.

Medical and Surgical Clinical Directorates.

The Medical and Surgical Clinical Directorates will maintain a rota so that there is attendance at bed meetings through the day in support of the site. The Clinical Directorates will:

• Attend the bed meetings as per SOP for bed meetings.
• Discuss and aim to resolve any medical staffing issues that may have detriment to flow on the site, making sure that the SDM is kept fully informed.
• Work closely with the Operations Team to make sure that any delays, reviews or outstanding issues are addressed and resolved.
• Communicate site issues with medical colleagues.
• Communicate any issues from their colleagues that could affect flow through the site in a timely, effective and constructive way so that the SDM can work on actions to resolve.
• Ensure that appropriate actions are taken in line with the escalation policy.

On call Consultants/ Speciality Consultants.

In times of pressure, dependent on where that pressure is, it would be prudent for the ED/MEAU/SEAU and any speciality consultant to attend a bed meeting so that they can be aware of that days pressures and feedback to their colleagues with actions that are required to be undertaken to assist the site in achieving flow.

Ward Managers/ Deputies.

The wards need to work closely with the Operational Team to assist them in getting the ‘right patient to the right bed’ and maintaining safety, managing risk and flow across the site. They will be expected to:
• Make sure that all patients have a PDD documented clearly so that the bed managers are aware of discharges and potential discharges at least 24 hours in advance, and work closely with the clinical team work proactively to achieve this date.
• Ensure that discharges are identified for early movement and that the Discharge Lounge is used except in exceptional circumstances.
• Ensure that the clinical team have identified 2 outliers on a daily basis, and all staff are aware of these, and the patient has been informed. (as per outlying policy)
• Ensure that patients and relatives are aware of all moves and discharge dates.
• Ensure that the PDD form is in the Operations Centre by 230pm daily including weekends.
• Provide accurate information to the Operations Centre team around discharges and delays.
• Ensure that once a patient has been discharged the bed space is cleaned and ready in an agreed time as per standards. If there is an issue ensure early escalation.
• Be responsible for ensuring that the ward is aware of the level of escalation across the site, and that all staff are complying with the Escalation policy. Ensure that appropriate actions are taken in line with decisions made at bed meetings.
• Ensure that patients clinical and recovery pathways are monitored and tracked to prevent avoidable delays in discharge, this includes referral and liaison with other services.

Site Sister
The Site Sister will support the SDM on the late part of the shift covering the hours of 1pm-9pm. They will work as guided by the Site Sister SOP, supporting the SDM by:

• Attending the bed meeting at 1500 hours and taking away any actions given to them by the SDM.
• Taking over the staffing from the Operational Matron at 4pm, supported by the SDM.
• Being available to assist the SDM with any issues that arise within their scope of practice.
• Being available to administer drugs/ FP10’s from the drug cupboard at set times and on an adhoc basis as required.
• Support wards and departments when they require guidance with issues.
• Help deal with verbal complaints that may arise.
• Undertake viewings in the mortuary if the SDM is not available.
• Follow their escalation card in times of pressure.

Discharge HUB

The Discharge HUB is important in making sure that complex patients are discharged safely and timely, but they also have a major role to play in the flow of patients through the site. They will assist the Operations Centre by:

• Attending the bed meetings, informing the SDM of Medically Fit For Discharge (MFFD) numbers.
• Discussing that days and the next day’s discharges.
• Giving information with regard to internal and external delays.
• Escalating to SDM any issue that the Hub are struggling to resolve.
• Working with the Operations Centre to look at patients who are suitable for repatriation to other hospitals within the Trust, and making sure they are referred.
• Ensure that appropriate action is taken in times of escalation.
22. Appendix 5: Operational Flow Meeting SOP

**Bed Meeting Standing operating procedure (SOP).**

**Scope and purpose**

This SOP details the process, expected attendance and information required at LCH Site bed capacity meetings.

Bed capacity meetings will be held routinely in the Ops centre at:

08.30/12.30/15.00

Bed meetings will be led and chaired by the Site Duty Manager

Bed meetings will start promptly and be succinct.

All attendees are expected to fully participate and to ensure that they have all of the information required for their area at the meeting

Any interruptions should be of an essential nature only.

Any matters of an extremely sensitive nature should be discussed outside of the bed meeting on a need to know basis.

The chair will allocate actions, timescales and those responsible.

Further bed meetings to be arranged as per escalation policy, time to be arranged by chair of operations centre.

Any issues outside of the bed meeting template will be raised as any other business.

An agreed written plan will be recorded following each bed meeting detailing action to be taken.

The chair will indicate the end of the meeting and attendees will be expected to exit the operations centre in a timely manner.

During normal working Ops Centre Manager/SDM will liaise with PSM by telephone to keep them appraised of site situation.

The Operational Matron of the day will liaise with the other Speciality Matrons prior to attending the Bed Meeting to confirm any site staffing issues.

At Level 3 the ‘On Call Manager’ should attend the 3.30 bed meeting if on site. Alternatively they will be contacted by the OCM/SDM regarding the site position at 3.30pm.

Information required for the bed meeting is as per Bed Meeting Proforma

**The Bed Manager will provide information on the following:-**

A&E Dept performance and any delays
Number of patients on MEAU/SEAU requiring a bed by speciality
Number and location of all 'ring fenced' beds  
Number of elective patients expected into Johnson ward/Cardiac Short Stay  
Number of Elective admissions expected in the next 24 hours  
Number of ITU patients that require ‘warding’ and which ward they require.  
Number of empty beds, known and potential discharges and times.  
Number of emergency admissions known about including patients in MEAU ambulatory area.  
Number of Predicted Date of Discharge (PDD) for next 24 hours.  
Number of outliers per speciality and the location.

**Required attendance + additional membership for the subsequent levels of Site alert status.**  
It is the responsibility of all staff to know what alert status the organisation is on.  
This information is available from the Operations Centre on 2663.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mon to Friday</th>
<th>Weekend</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Normal Working</td>
<td>Normal Working</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bed Manager</td>
<td>Bed Manager</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operations Centre Manager/Site Duty Manager</td>
<td>Site Duty Manager</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operational Matron</td>
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<tr>
<td>Theatre and ICU representatives</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Monday to Friday**

The Ops centre Manager/Site Duty Manager will ensure the Patient Service Manager is appraised of the site position during normal working.

**Weekends**

The Site Duty Manager will liaise with the Directorate Bleep Holders/trauma co-ordinators and request their attendance at the Bed Meetings as required.

A Member of the infection control team will be invited when appropriate.  
Representation form Facilities will be requested when appropriate.
23. Appendix 6 - Standard Operating Procedure – Operational Manager On-Call (Silver)

Introduction

This SOP describes the trust's Operational Manager On-Call system and should be read in conjunction with the Operational Escalation Policy and the Major Incident Policy. The SOP is intended to provide clarity on the expectations of those who are on-call and defines their levels of responsibility.

Who this applies to

The Operations Directorate is required to provide an on-call service to manage flow and any incidents within the hospital sites. All operational managers have a duty, defined in their job description, to take part in the on-call system.

Exceptions to this may occur where there is a service specific on-call rota in existence. No member of staff should be expected to take part in two on-call systems where the frequency of duties exceeds that of the normal rota.

Rota Responsibilities

Responsibility for compiling the 2 rotas (Gold and Silver) sits with the Emergency Planning team (EPT). The rota will be produced at least 2 months in advance. The EPT will ask for booked annual leave commitments ahead of the rota being produced and it will be accommodated as part of the planning process. Once the rota has been produced, if staff book further leave or have other reasons why a shift cannot be covered it will be the responsibility of staff to swap these shifts that they cannot work. The swap must then be communicated to the (EPT) who will amend the rota and ensure the rota is updated or if a swap takes place on the day of the duty the member of staff must inform the EPT, switchboard and Site Duty Manager (SDM) on each site.

Where a member of staff who is on-call rings in sick, it is the responsibility of the individual’s line manager to inform the EPT. EPT will contact other staff on the rota and will keep a record of who provides cover to ensure all staff are approached equitably and fairly to cover additional shifts. If the shift cannot be covered it will be passed back to the individuals line manager who will be responsible for ensuring appropriate cover from within their or another team.

Training

For those new to the rota, or those requiring support, the EPT will provide training in all aspects of on-call and major incident handling. There will be a bi-annual half day training session for anyone new to or requiring refresher update. In addition there will be on line (E learning) and 1:1 training available throughout the year. All staff new to the rota should expect to receive face to face training and shadowing support as a minimum prior to
undertaking on call alone. The amount of training / support required will vary from one individual to another and will be agreed on a personal basis with the EPT. A self-assessment process will be utilised to identify individual training needs using national skills for Justice Framework (Gold and Silver).

Staff will be covering more than one hospital site. It is essential that the induction period to the rota includes an overview of the site so that those on-call understand the layout and location of escalation areas. It is advisable that staff arrange to spend time in each operations centre and meet with the site Deputy Director of Operations who will be able to give an overview of the site.

**Roles and levels of responsibility**

There will be two levels of on-call, Gold and Silver with Bronze commanders as site duty managers based on site (standby Nurse at GDH), this is in line with the trusts Major Incident Policy. On-call periods will run from 17:00 to 09:00 (except weekends when it will be 09:00 – 09:00). Staff who are on-call will be expected to keep diary commitments light and although they may attend meetings off site must remain local and any booked meetings must be suitable for short notice cancellation if necessary (i.e. not HR meetings). This will allow for appropriate rest to be taken after on call if necessary.

**Bronze command (on site)** - will comprise of the Site Duty Managers (Site Sister at GDH supported by LCH – see GDH Escalation SOP later). There will be 3 Bronze Commands; one of these will be on duty at Lincoln and cover Louth, one Grantham (supported by LCH SDM) and the other will be on duty at Boston. They will have an overview of the bed state and status of their A&E departments. Bronze will keep the silver commander updated regarding the site position as and when required.

Bronze Commander has delegated authority from the Silver Commander to:

- Open escalation beds in line with the site plan, provided they can be safely staffed as agreed during the day with Gold Command
- Utilise Ring Fenced Beds where necessary to ensure safety in A&E
- Deal with any incidents that arise and escalate as necessary
- Book transport including taxi’s for patients to leave the hospital within a 50 mile radius. Journeys over this will be escalated to silver for approval

The Bronze Commanders will keep Silver Commanders informed of any incidents or problems on their site throughout the shift by whatever means is agreed and at timescales agreed between Silver and Bronze. Bronze will inform Silver of any patients in A&E at 8, 10 and before 12 hours from decision to admit without a plan to avoid 12 hours breaches. Silver will be required to inform Gold so that CCG on call can be informed.
Silver Command (on call) - will be undertaken by a range of senior managers from all sites at band 8C and above. There will be one on call single Silver Commander for the trust. Silver Commander will be briefed by Bronze, as and when required by mutual agreement, as to the position in the trust and will be aware of any patients in A&E with waits in excess of 8 hours without a plan.

Silver Commander has delegated authority from the Gold Commander to:

- Arrange internal ambulance diverts and deflects during times of excessive pressure
- Inform the Gold of any actions taken during times of increased pressure or any potential 12 hour breaches as above
- Deal with any serious incidents that are escalated from the Bronze Commander
- Cancel elective activity based on operational demand as required. The operations centres will receive, from the Clinical Directorate, a prioritised list of elective cases that could be cancelled if the site deteriorates. This will be escalated to silver for approval.
- Silver Commander is not expected to be on site except in the event of a:
  - Major Incident Declared or Major Incident Standby
  - A serious incident has occurred e.g. fire, IT failure, telecoms failure, any unusual incident that has potential to attract media attention or poses a significant safety risk to patients / visitors or staff – there is no conclusive list and the silver Commander would need to make a judgement in collaboration with the SDM whether their presence is advisable.

Gold - will comprise the trusts directors. There will be a single Gold Commander for the trust. These Directors will undertake the most senior level of on call. Gold Command will be automatically activated as part of the Trust Major Incident Plan. It may also be activated following discussion between the Gold and Silver Commanders in the event of an incident which is likely to have a significant impact on the Trust but which does not justify implementation of the Major Incident Plan (for example, serious capacity issues).

Operationally, the actual daily involvement of On Call Gold will be very minimal. The Trust Gold command will provide a high level of strategic guidance and leadership in support of the Silver level on call management tier. Trust Gold should not act at a tactical/operational level unless Silver has requested assistance/advice.

Gold will, however, retain responsibility to approve:

- Increasing staffing via internal bank or external Framework agencies to ensure all patient areas are safe
• Inform the CCG on call of any actions taken during times of increased pressure or any potential 12 hour breaches as above

**Major incidents**

Please refer to the trusts major incident policy.

In the event of a major incident being declared the Silver and Gold Commanders will attend site and establish their relevant “cells”. Runners and loggists will be made available. Ensure communication between the cells is adequate, either via phone or radio handsets. The Bronze Commander will remain in the sites Ops Centre. The cells would normally be located:

- **Gold:** Lincoln Suite, Trust HQ, Lincoln Site
- **Silver (Lincoln):** Matrons office / Ops Centre as required by incident
- **Silver (Boston):** Committee Room 1/ Ops Centre as required by incident
- **Silver (Grantham):** Ops Centre

Any changes to the above must be communicated early in the incident.

**Attending site and working time regulations**

It is not expected that on-call managers will have to attend site, however, if staff do attend site or if they are called upon to work at home then it is expected that compensatory rest must be taken. The rest provided should make up for the rest missed; and should be taken immediately after the end of the on call working period. Employees who are called into work during a period of on call will receive payment for the period they are required to attend, including travel time. Alternatively they may choose to take time off in lieu. However, if operationally this cannot be taken within 3 months, the hours worked must be paid for (section 2.44 AFC handbook). For work (including travel time) as a result of being called in, the employee will receive a payment at time and a half with the exception of work on general or public Bank Holidays which will be at double time. Time off in lieu should be at plain time. There is no disqualification from this payment for bands 8 and 9 as a result of being called out. (section 2.45 AFC handbook)

**On-call logs and handover**

All on call staff should keep a record of work undertaken, communications, decisions made and times in either a log book or on line. It is possible that such information may be required in the future for legal cases or for learning from incidents that occurred. The EPT may request copies of log books for record and information sharing/lessons learned. Following a period of on call the individual may make contact with the on-coming staff member where there are ongoing issues such as a deflect to handover.
Captured twice a day for all wards the template above is sent to all associated agencies with relevant escalation and actions taken reported back at the following review.
### Level 1: Preparedness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>By whom</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Within the wards and patient areas review windows/doors and ensure as draft free as possible.</td>
<td>Matron/ Ward Managers</td>
<td>End November</td>
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<tr>
<td>Useful advice from <a href="http://www.theaa.com/motoring_advice/seasonal/winter_motoring.html">http://www.theaa.com/motoring_advice/seasonal/winter_motoring.html</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Staff who have a long distance to travel may like to consider keeping a small supply of essential items in personal locker for use in the event they are unable to get home e.g. toiletries, underwear.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Staff be aware of colleagues living near by and consider car sharing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ward Sisters to ensure all staff personal details of address are current.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wards to have lists of own staff with 4x4 who may consider help with transport of colleagues.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Facilities to consider loan of 4X4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ensure plan is available in all areas</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make sure that any alerts re weather are shared with the ward teams.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escalate any estates issues to the facilities team</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Level 2: Adverse weather warnings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>By whom</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>As level 1 STAFF</strong></td>
<td>Matron/Ward Manager/ Business managers/ SDM/ DDOP</td>
<td>As required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matrons to maintain good levels of communication with the operations centre/site sister, 4X4 vehicles/staff accommodation may be available from Progress Housing (booking information available in site sister folder)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Be aware of weather forecasts. <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/weather/2655138">http://www.bbc.co.uk/weather/2655138</a></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Be aware of local travel advice. <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/travelnews/lincolnshire/">http://www.bbc.co.uk/travelnews/lincolnshire/</a></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review ward staffing levels to ensure sufficient staff, consider where members of staff live, availability, plan ahead to make sure that staffing levels are sufficient to cover the anticipated period of severe weather.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operational staff have access to the met office web page for accurate updates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>By whom</th>
<th>Timeline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PATIENTS</strong></td>
<td>Ward Managers/ Matrons/ SDM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensure patients have access to extra blankets/hot drinks. Consider those who need assistance.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High risk groups to be provided with additional heating available via facilities.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations and numbers of all Bair Huggers to be identified</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consider if any assistance available from local Voluntary agencies (Red Cross etc)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Centre to make sure that Met office alerts covering the next 24hrs are shared with ward teams.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Directorates to be ready to implement elective business continuity plans as required.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consider bed capacity within acute setting and community and discuss with PCT and SW colleagues stepping patients down</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>Adverse weather in progress</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As level 1 &amp; 2 plus.</td>
<td>Wards</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff to ensure patients have adequate blankets and are warm enough.</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identify particularly high risk individuals and ensure area suitably heated.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hot water bottles and electric blankets if brought in by family are <strong>not</strong> to be used.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operational teams to contact EMAS and NSL to discuss their contingency plans and activity</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consider restricting visitors to site.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensure access to the site maintained to key entrance points.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elective Work</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consider cancelling outpatients’ clinics.</td>
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<tr>
<td>NSL to contact sites if unable to support non emergency work</td>
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<tr>
<td>Work with partner agencies to identify where pressures will be greatest, so as remedial action can be taken.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staffing</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>If staff are unable to work please see ULHT guidance: <a href="http://ulhintranet/human-resources-policies/">http://ulhintranet/human-resources-policies/</a></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilise other professions within the Trust to assist in caring for the patients,</td>
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<tr>
<td>It is important that we continue to present a professional appearance to patients and visitors, so staff are to wear uniform correctly throughout the cold period.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Plan Links with:**
- Trust Wide Escalation Plan
- Lincolnshire Escalation Plan
- Winter Preparedness Plan
- Flu plan
- Industrial Action Plan
- Major Incident Plan
- Evacuation Plan
26. Appendix 9: Outline Flu Programme 2017/18

United Lincolnshire Hospitals NHS Trust
Occupational Health & Wellbeing Service
Outline Flu Programme 2017/2018

Find out why getting your flu jab matters
nhsemployers.org/flumatters
#flumatters
Lincolnshire NHS Occupational Health Service
Outline Flu Programme 2017/2018

Introduction

For 2017/18, it is the ambition of the Department of Health and NHS England that trusts must ensure that a 100% offer of flu vaccination is made available for all frontline staff, reaching a minimum uptake of 70%.

Frontline health and social care workers have a duty of care to protect their patients and service users from infection. Therefore, as in previous years, flu immunisation should be offered by NHS organisations to all employees directly involved in delivering care.

ULHT Occupational health Services have completed orders for the 2017/2018 flu season to be delivered in three drops in September/October 2017. There are 9,000 vaccines on order with the option to purchase more if required. The vaccine on order are Sanofi Split Viron flu vaccine.

Vaccination of healthcare workers with direct patient contact against flu has been shown to significantly lower rates of flu-like illness, hospitalisation and mortality in the elderly in long-term healthcare settings, vaccination of staff in acute care settings may provide similar benefits. Flu immunisation of frontline health and social care staff may reduce the transmission of infection to vulnerable patients, some of whom may have impaired immunity increasing their risks of flu and who may not respond well to immunisation.

Vaccination of frontline workers also helps reduce the level of sickness absences and can help ensure that the NHS and care services are able to continue operating over the winter period. This is particularly important when responding to winter pressures, and winter planning should seek to take account of the importance of staff vaccination across the NHS and care services.

United Lincolnshire Hospitals NHS Trust (ULHT) are responsible for ensuring that arrangements are in place for the vaccination of their healthcare workers with direct patient contact. Flu outbreaks can arise in health and social care settings with both staff and their patients/clients can be affected when flu is circulating in the community. It is important that health and social care professionals protect themselves by having the flu vaccine, in doing so, they reduce the risk of spreading flu to their patients, clients, colleagues and family members.

NHS England have attached CQUIN to this year’s flu campaign, the payment schedule is outlined below. NHS England have indicated in this document the final measurement for delivery flu vaccines frontline staff will be the end of February 2018. The information from NHS England on the value of the CQUIN to the trust is that it is worth £235,000 for delivery of 70% and over.
**The main objectives of this year's campaign are:**

To identify and reflect key success factors of the previous staff flu vaccination programmes in the delivery plan for the 2016/2017 programme to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of our approach.

To continue to improve the uptake rate from 2016/17 season onwards beyond the 70.13% level achieved last year.

To promote a local ward or department senior figure acting as an advocate and champion and promoting the flu vaccine to staff to act as a “Peer vaccinator” in ULHT, where clinical (nursing/medical) staff can arrange to vaccinate colleagues in the same team/department/ward.

To continue to work with communications, and be innovative in marketing & awareness approaches.

To build on the successes of attending training events to capture staff such as induction and core training.

Central points on the two main sites where drop in clinics can be set up on a regular and consistent basis

**Communications**

Use a communications strategy to raise awareness amongst staff of how to access the flu vaccine and challenge the myths surrounding flu vaccination through “myth busters”. Information was shared via established internal communication.

Starting in late August early September when we have confirmed deliver dates we will commence the publicity in ULHT and across the whole Health Community.

The key elements of communication to the Trust staff are:

Introduction from, Trust board, Chief Executive, Medical Director, Chief Nurse, Occupational Health and Infection Control.

We need a clear, regular, consistent message from The Trust Board supporting the immunisation programme with letters to staff from the Chief Executives, Medical Directors and Chief Nurses and repeated in all forms of trust communication. As well as being seen to have the vaccine themselves and delivering the same message at briefings, meetings and on hospital walkabouts.

Timely availability of vaccine clinics, visits to work areas with pre-arranged dates and times.

Myth busting and answering common questions.

Information available to staff on the vaccine the OH service will be using

Dynamic responding to changes in the press, Department of Health and Trust’s needs.
### Methods of Communication to get our message to trust staff

<table>
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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trust wide Launch event first week in October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The use of the Wire, Trust magazine and weekly news</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Websites, Intranet, Face Book and twitter encourage them to post pictures of when they have had their jab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct e-mail to selected groups of staff</td>
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<tr>
<td>Team briefing, The CEOs Blog</td>
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<tr>
<td>Information and News story in trusts publications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; Agenda item at all meetings in the trust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vaccination rates by service group published monthly</td>
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<tr>
<td>Posters, Stickers, Business cards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information leaflets and information packs for each ward or department and peer vaccinator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visits/walkabouts by senior staff encouraging staff to have the flu vaccine repeating the trust message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of DOH, NHS Employers and Suppliers information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ULHT Flu Programme Approach, Vaccination Strategy

As per the 2016/2017 programme, there will be 4 modes of vaccination delivery to staff in ULHT and LCHS.

Peer Immunisation to agree a peer immunisation policy and teams with clinical (nursing/medical) staff located in the community and Acute sites. Promote Peer Immunisation the as the primary route to flu vaccination

On site Vaccination Clinics, vaccination clinic stations will be set up across the 4 Acute hospital sites over 6-8 weeks. The staffing resource Occupational Health and Bank Nurses, this is the best way to target the majority of “front line staff”. Clinics are of course open to Acute and Community staff alike. Central points on the two main sites where drop in clinics can be set up on a regular and consistent basis
Roving Teams, As well as staffed vaccination stations, OH roving teams will be covering hospital sites on scheduled vaccination clinic days throughout the roll out, visiting wards and units to offer the vaccine to those staff that cannot make it to the vaccination clinic station on their site.

The existence of these teams will be publicised to staff before the main roll out programme to allow staff to allow to stay in their units awaiting roving teams. Team members can carrying around 30 vaccines per 1-2 hour round, clearly, there is limited capacity for these teams to vaccinate large numbers of staff.

By appointment at the Occupational Health Service within normal Occupational Health clinics by appointment only at our site and Satellite clinics.

To build on the successes of attending training events to capture staff such as induction and core training.

increase in Nurse staffing. the number of outreach clinics into the wards and departments in and out of hours Establish To increase regular central drop in clinics above what is already in place would need and

| Time tables for clinics published well in advance, with time date and sites where clinics are held |
| Prearranged clinics in ward areas agreed with staff and managers. Publicised in advance and in agreement with the ward or department manager. |
| Peer Immunisation to agree a peer immunisation policy and teams with clinical (nursing/medical). Promote Peer Immunisation the as the primary route to flu vaccination |
| Establish suitable central drop in venues on the main hospital sites and locations with large numbers of staff for 2016-2017 where regular clinics can be held |
| Bespoke outreach clinics where the nurse calls in to hospitals wards, departments, clinics surgeries, health centres and work places across the county without prior arrangement clinics. Prearranged, around meetings and study days, at break and lunch time. |
| Prearranged Clinics in Occupational Health are still a core way of delivering vaccines to staff. These can be by appointment and drop in. |
| Flu clinics arranged for early morning, evening twilight and weekends to cover the full range of shifts when staff are at work |
| Attending meetings to access staff, such as Drs lunch time meetings. Mandatory training and other meetings |
| Occupational health teams changing shift patterns to work late shifts, twilight and weekends to increase access to the flu vaccine for staff |
| A dynamic approach to enable the OH service to be flexible and respond to changes in demand across the Trust, Health Community and DOH/NHS England guidance. |
**Vaccine virus strains and ULHT vaccine** *(Information in italics will change as it is released)*

Flu viruses change continuously and the World Health Organization (WHO) monitors the epidemiology of flu viruses throughout the world. Each year it makes recommendations about the strains to be included in vaccines for the forthcoming winter.

The World Health Organization (WHO) recommendations for the composition of the trivalent and quadrivalent vaccines for use in the 2017/18 influenza season in the northern hemisphere

WHO recommended changing two of the three strains in trivalent influenza vaccines for the next influenza season in the northern hemisphere: H3N2 and influenza B. The chosen strains are the same as those recommended for this year's influenza season in the southern hemisphere.

WHO recommended that trivalent vaccines for use in the 2017/18 influenza season in the northern hemisphere contain the following:

- A/Michigan/45/2015 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- A/Hong Kong/4801/2014 (H3N2)-like virus; and
- B/Brisbane/60/2008-like virus.

Quadrivalent vaccines should contain the above three viruses and a B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus.

As in previous years, national or regional authorities approve the composition and formulation of vaccines used in each country and are responsible for making recommendations regarding the use of the vaccine.

**Data collections for 2017/18**

Monthly data collections will take place over six months during the 2017/18 flu immunisation programme. The first data collection will be for vaccines administered by the end of October 2017 (data collected in November), with the subsequent collections monthly thereafter, with the final data collection for all vaccines administered by the end of February 2018 (data collected in February). These collections will enable performance to be reviewed at board level during the programme, with time to take action if needed, and for the uptake from the completed programme to be measured.

England have increased the window in which we have to vaccinate staff by 2 months. For the purpose of the Cquin the last reporting date for the Cquin will be the end of February NHS.

The Occupational Health Service will provide monthly reports on uptake across all wards and departments to the trust boards. The OH service will monitor weekly any areas which have low...
uptake will be visited by OH to discuss any problems and strategies to increase the uptake in vaccine.

All Trusts will report uptake of flu vaccine of their front line staff those delivering direct clinical care as described in the DOH guidance. Occupational Health Service will input the data via ImmForm website (www.immform.dh.gov.uk) at the end on each month.

**Review and monitoring**

The OH service will review the progress at the end of each month and produce a short report for the trust boards. The OH service will monitor progress continually, be able to respond to the changing needs of the trusts the DOH and the trends in the flu virus locally and nationally.

**Incentives**

The NHS has a “Flu Fighter” campaign to encourage uptake and offer incentives for staff to bare their biceps for vaccination. A number hospitals have offered their staff entry into cash prize draws, as well as chocolates, lollipops, cakes, biscuits, stickers that read “I'm a Flu Fighter,”. Some have offered an extra day’s annual leave but will those days off work be offset by the average 0.04 days saved through vaccination.

While Incentives do show limited value in persuading staff to have the flu vaccine, ULHT have tried a number of different approaches to this date. The most successful has been to supply lollipops in return for the vaccine as it is instant, although it goes against health and wellbeing. Raffles and prize drawers have had less of an effect in persuading staff to have the vaccine.

Other suggestions have been:

- Win one day’s annual leave
- Get a free hot drink voucher when your vaccinated
- Peer vaccinators – reward peer vaccinators e.g. first to vaccinate or highest number.

This year 2017/18 we will giving away pens with the Flu Fighter Logo and he very clear message this is about staff protecting themselves their families and their patients.

We have considered £4.00 lunch vouchers as this has worked in other Trusts, as we are confident we can achieve the 70&% this year we will retain this idea to use it next year when we need to achieve 75%

While the financial reward is important we must not loose sight of the fact the Flu campaign is about Protecting Patients, Staff and their Families

![Protect yourself, your family and your patients - be a flu fighter](https://www.facebook.com/nhsflufighter)
References:


WHO recommendations about strains to be included in flu vaccines can be found at: www.who.int/influenza/vaccines/virus/recommendations/consultation201502/en/


www.nhsemployers.org/flu


Appendix 1
Examples of this year’s publicity materiel we will be using
### Gantt Chart for ULHT & LCHS Flu Programme 2017/2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>July</th>
<th>Aug</th>
<th>Sept</th>
<th>Oct</th>
<th>Dec</th>
<th>Jan</th>
<th>Feb</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>Complete</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All OH staff to complete Imms &amp; Vaccs training</td>
<td>SK</td>
<td>SK</td>
<td>SK</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bank staff identified and trained</td>
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<td>SK</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advance vaccine order for 2016/2017</td>
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<td>SK</td>
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<tr>
<td>Staff Flu plan to ULHT Trust board</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agreed Trust plan to NHS England &amp; PHE</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recruit flu Champions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Train Peer-Peer Vaccinators</td>
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<tr>
<td>Communications in place</td>
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<tr>
<td>Publicity order NHS employers</td>
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<td>PGD completed</td>
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<td>Staff training on PGD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Communication strategy in place/NHS employers order complete</td>
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<tr>
<td>First board statement of support agreed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arrive for outreach clinic in place</td>
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<tr>
<td>Staff identified to run clinics</td>
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<td>Cold chain policy in place</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reliable vaccine fridges tested and serviced</td>
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<tr>
<td>SMS screen savers and publicity released</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clinic dates released</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flu vaccine delivery</td>
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<td>OH staff shift pattern changes implemented</td>
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<td>First clinics commenced</td>
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<tr>
<td>Data collection commenced</td>
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